

**Proposed California State-Subdivision Agreement  
Regarding Distribution and Use of  
Settlement Funds – Alvogen Settlement**

**1. Introduction**

Pursuant to the Alvogen Settlement Agreement, dated as of April 4, 2025, and any revision thereto (the “Alvogen Settlement Agreement”), including Section VI and Exhibit O, the State of California proposes this agreement (the “CA Alvogen Allocation Agreement”) to govern the allocation, distribution, and use of Settlement Fund payments made to California pursuant to Sections V and VI of the Alvogen Settlement Agreement. For the avoidance of doubt, this agreement does not apply to payments made pursuant to Section X of the Alvogen Settlement Agreement.

Pursuant to Exhibit O, Paragraph 4, of the Alvogen Settlement Agreement, acceptance of this CA Alvogen Allocation Agreement is a requirement to be an Initial Participating Subdivision.

**2. Definitions**

- a) *CA Participating Subdivision* means a Participating Subdivision that is also (a) a Plaintiff Subdivision and/or (b) a Primary Subdivision with a population equal to or greater than 10,000. For the avoidance of doubt, eligible CA Participating Subdivisions are those California subdivisions listed in Exhibit C (excluding Litigating Special Districts) and/or Exhibit I to the Alvogen Settlement Agreement.
- b) *CA Litigating Special District* means a Litigating Special District located in California.
- c) *Plaintiff Subdivision* means a Subdivision located in California, other than a CA Litigating Special District, that filed a lawsuit, on behalf of the Subdivision and/or through an official of the Subdivision on behalf of the People of the State of California, against one or more Opioid Defendants prior to October 1, 2020.
- d) *Opioid Defendant* means any defendant including but not limited to Alvogen, Inc. Amneal Pharmaceuticals LLC; Apotex Corp., Hikma Pharmaceuticals USA Inc. f/k/a West-Ward Pharmaceuticals Corp.; Indivior Inc.; Viatris Inc. (“Mylan”); Sun Pharmaceutical Industries, Inc.; Zydus Pharmaceuticals (USA) Inc.; Kroger Co., Teva Pharmaceutical Industries Ltd., Allergan Finance, LLC, Allergan Limited, CVS Health Corporation, CVS Pharmacy, Inc., Walgreen Co., Walmart Inc., Johnson & Johnson, Janssen Pharmaceuticals, Inc., Purdue Pharma L.P., Cardinal Health, Inc., Cencora, Inc. f/k/a AmerisourceBergen Corporation, McKesson Corporation, Dr. Richard S. Sackler, Beverly Sackler, Jonathan Sackler, David Sackler, Marianna Sackler, Theresa Sackler, Ilene Sackler Lefcourt, Dr. Kathe Sackler, and Mortimer D.A. Sackler) named in a lawsuit seeking damages, abatement, or other remedies related to or caused by the opioid public health crisis in any lawsuit brought by any state or local government on or before October 1, 2020.



### **3. General Terms**

This agreement is subject to the requirements of the Alvogen Settlement Agreement, as well as applicable law, and the Alvogen Settlement Agreement governs over any inconsistent provision of this CA Alvogen Allocation Agreement. Terms used in this CA Alvogen Allocation Agreement have the same meaning as in the Alvogen Settlement Agreement unless otherwise defined herein.

Pursuant to Section VI(D)(1) of the Alvogen Settlement Agreement, (a) all Settlement Fund payments will be used for Opioid Remediation, except as allowed by Section VI(B)(2) of the Alvogen Settlement Agreement; and (b) at least seventy percent (70%) of Settlement Fund payment amounts will be used solely for future Opioid Remediation.

This Agreement does not apply to funds received by California<sup>1</sup> pursuant to Section X of the Alvogen Settlement Agreement, including payments for Private Attorney Fees and the Additional Remediation Amount.

### **4. State Allocation**

The Settlement Fund payments to California, pursuant to the Alvogen Settlement Agreement, shall be allocated as follows: 15% to the State Fund; 70% to the Abatement Accounts Fund; and 15% to the Subdivision Fund. For the avoidance of doubt, all funds allocated to California from the Settlement Fund shall be combined pursuant to this CA Alvogen Allocation Agreement, and 15% of that total shall be allocated to the State of California (the “State of California Allocation”), 70% to the California Abatement Accounts Fund (“CA Abatement Accounts Fund”), and 15% to the California Subdivision Fund (“CA Subdivision Fund”).

#### **A. State of California Allocation**

Fifteen percent of the total Settlement Fund payments will be allocated to the State and used by the State for future Opioid Remediation.

#### **B. CA Abatement Accounts Fund**

##### **i. Allocation of CA Abatement Accounts Funds**

- a) Seventy percent of the total Settlement Fund payments will be allocated to the CA Abatement Accounts Fund. The funds in the CA Abatement Accounts Fund will be allocated based on the allocation model developed in connection with the proposed negotiating class in the National Prescription Opiate Litigation (MDL No. 2804), as adjusted to reflect only those cities and counties that are eligible, based on population or

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<sup>1</sup> For purposes of clarity, use of the term “California” refers to the geographic territory of California and the state and its local governments therein. The term “State” or “State of California” refers to the State of California as a governmental unit.



litigation status, to become a CA Participating Subdivision. The percentage from the CA Abatement Accounts Fund allocated to each CA Participating Subdivision is set forth in Appendix 1 in the column entitled abatement percentage (the “Local Allocation”). For the avoidance of doubt, CA Litigating Special Districts and California towns, cities, and counties with a population less than 10,000 are not eligible to receive an allocation of CA Abatement Accounts Funds.

- b) A CA Participating Subdivision that is a county, or a city and county, will be allocated its Local Allocation share as of the date on which it becomes a Participating Subdivision, and will receive payments as provided in the Alvogen Settlement Agreement.
- c) A CA Participating Subdivision that is a city will be allocated its Local Allocation share as of the date on which it becomes a Participating Subdivision. The Local Allocation share for a city that is a CA Participating Subdivision will be paid to the county in which the city is located, rather than to the city, so long as the county is a CA Participating Subdivision; provided, however, that if a city currently receives direct payment of its share of funds in the National Opioids Settlement with Distributors Cencora, Inc. (f/k/a AmerisourceBergenCorporation), Cardinal Health, Inc., and McKesson Corporation (the “Distributors Settlement”), that city’s Local Allocation amount will be paid directly to the city. If a city later changes or has already changed its distribution election in the Distributors Settlement, that change in election will apply here, provided that the change in election is received by the settlement administrator at least 60 days prior to a Payment Date. A Local Allocation share allocated to a city but paid to a county is not required to be spent exclusively for abatement activities in that city, but will become part of the county’s share of the CA Abatement Accounts Funds, which will be used in accordance with Section 4.B.ii (Use of CA Abatement Accounts Funds) and reported on in accordance with Section 4.B.iii (CA Abatement Accounts Fund Oversight).
- d) A city within a county that is a CA Participating Subdivision may opt in or out of direct payment at any time, and it may also elect direct payment of only a portion of its share, with the remainder going to the county, by providing notice to the Settlement Fund Administrator at least 60 days prior to a Payment Date. For purposes of this CA Alvogen Allocation Agreement, the Cities of Los Angeles, Oakland, San Diego, San Jose and Eureka will be deemed to have elected direct payment if they become Participating Subdivisions.
- e) The State will receive the Local Allocation share of any payment to the Settlement Fund that is attributable to a county or city that is eligible to become a CA Participating Subdivision, but that has not, as of the date of that payment to the Settlement Fund, become a Participating Subdivision.
- f) Funds received by a CA Participating Subdivision, and not expended or encumbered within five years of receipt and in accordance with the Alvogen Settlement Agreement and this CA Alvogen Allocation Agreement shall be transferred to the State; provided however, that CA Participating Subdivisions have seven years to expend or encumber CA



Abatement Accounts Funds designated to support capital outlay projects before they must be transferred to the State.

**ii. Use of CA Abatement Accounts Funds**

- a) The CA Abatement Accounts Funds will be used for future Opioid Remediation in one or more of the areas described in the List of Opioid Remediation Uses, which is Exhibit E to the Alvogen Settlement Agreement.
- b) In addition to this requirement, no less than 50% of the funds received by a CA Participating Subdivision from the Abatement Accounts Fund in each calendar year will be used for one or more of the following High Impact Abatement Activities:
  - (1) the provision of matching funds or operating costs for substance use disorder facilities within the Behavioral Health Continuum Infrastructure Program;
  - (2) creating new or expanded Substance Use Disorder (“SUD”) treatment infrastructure;
  - (3) addressing the needs of communities of color and vulnerable populations (including sheltered and unsheltered homeless populations) that are disproportionately impacted by SUD;
  - (4) diversion of people with SUD from the justice system into treatment, including by providing training and resources to first and early responders (sworn and non-sworn) and implementing best practices for outreach, diversion and deflection, employability, restorative justice, and harm reduction;
  - (5) interventions to prevent drug addiction in vulnerable youth, including but not limited to, youth in foster care, juvenile justice-impacted youth, youth experiencing adversities related to socioeconomic status, and unhoused youth; and/or
  - (6) the purchase of naloxone for distribution and efforts to expand access to naloxone for opioid overdose reversals.
- c) The California Department of Health Care Services (“DHCS”) may add to this list (but not delete from it) by designating additional High Impact Abatement Activities. DHCS will make reasonable efforts to consult with stakeholders, including the CA Participating Subdivisions, before adding additional High Impact Abatement Activities to this list.
- d) For the avoidance of doubt, and subject to the requirements of the Alvogen Settlement Agreement and applicable law, CA Participating Subdivisions may form agreements or ventures, or otherwise work in collaboration with, federal, state, local, tribal or private sector entities in pursuing Opioid Remediation activities funded from the CA Abatement Accounts Fund. Further, provided that all CA Abatement Accounts Funds are used for Opioid Remediation consistent with the Alvogen Settlement Agreement and this CA Alvogen Allocation Agreement, a county and any cities or towns within the county may



agree to reallocate their respective shares of the CA Abatement Accounts Funds among themselves, provided that any direct distribution may only be to a CA Participating Subdivision and any CA Participating Subdivision must agree to their share being reallocated.

**iii. CA Abatement Accounts Fund Oversight**

- a) Pursuant to Section 5 below, CA Participating Subdivisions receiving settlement funds must prepare and file reports annually regarding the use of those funds. DHCS may regularly review the reports prepared by CA Participating Subdivisions about the use of CA Abatement Accounts Funds for compliance with the Alvogen Settlement Agreement and this CA Alvogen Allocation Agreement.
- b) If DHCS determines that a CA Participating Subdivision's use of CA Abatement Accounts Funds is inconsistent with the Alvogen Settlement Agreement or this CA Alvogen Allocation Agreement, whether through review of reports or information from any other sources, DHCS shall send a request to meet and confer with the CA Participating Subdivision. The parties shall meet and confer in an effort to resolve the concern.
- c) If the parties are unable to reach a resolution, DHCS may conduct an audit of the Subdivision's use of the CA Abatement Accounts Funds within one year of the request to meet and confer, unless the parties mutually agree in writing to extend the meet and confer time frame.
- d) If the concern still cannot be resolved, the State may bring a motion or action in the court where the State has filed its Consent Judgment to resolve the concern or otherwise enforce the requirements of the Alvogen Settlement Agreement or this CA Alvogen Allocation Agreement. However, in no case shall any audit be conducted, or motion be brought, as to a specific expenditure of funds, more than five years after the date on which the expenditure of the funds was reported to DHCS, in accordance with this agreement.
- e) Notwithstanding the foregoing, this Agreement does not limit the statutory or constitutional authority of any state or local agency or official to conduct audits, investigations, or other oversight activities, or to pursue administrative, civil, or criminal enforcement actions.

**C. CA Subdivision Fund**

- i. Fifteen percent of the total Settlement Fund payments will be allocated to the CA Subdivision Fund. All funds in the CA Subdivision Fund will be allocated among the Plaintiff Subdivisions that are Initial Participating Subdivisions. The funds will be used, subject to any limits imposed by the Alvogen Settlement Agreement and this CA



Alvogen Allocation Agreement, to fund future Opioid Remediation and reimburse past opioid-related expenses, which may include fees and expenses related to litigation.

However, in no event shall more than one third (5% out of the 15%) of CA Subdivision Funds be used for litigation-related fees and expenses.

**D. Provision for State Back-Stop Agreement**

On August 6, 2021, Judge Dan Polster of the U.S. District Court, Northern District of Ohio, Eastern Division, issued an order (ECF Docket Number 3814) (“MDL Fees Order”) in the National Prescription Opiate Litigation (MDL No. 2804) “cap[ping] all applicable contingent fee agreements at 15%.” Private counsel representing Plaintiff Subdivisions should seek its contingency fees and costs from the Attorney Fee Fund or Cost Funds under the settlement agreements with other Opioid Defendants.

A Plaintiff Subdivision may separately agree to use up to one-third (5% out of the 15%) of its share of the CA Subdivision Fund to pay for fees or costs incurred by its contingency-fee counsel (“State Back-Stop Agreement”), pursuant to Exhibit R, section I(X), of the Alvogen Settlement Agreement and the MDL Fees Order, provided that: (1) such payments, together with any payments to contingency-fee counsel from the Private Attorneys Fee amount related to such Plaintiff Subdivision, do not exceed 15% of a Plaintiff Subdivision’s total gross recovery under this Alvogen Settlement Agreement; and (2) the Plaintiff Subdivision certifies that any payments made under a State Back-Stop agreement will be made in accordance with the 95% Opioid Abatement use requirements under Section VI.B.1 of the Alvogen Settlement Agreement. Before seeking fees or litigation costs and expenses from a State Back-Stop Agreement, private counsel representing Plaintiff Subdivisions must first seek contingency fees and costs from the Attorney Fee Fund or Cost Funds created under the Alvogen Settlement Agreement. Further, private counsel may only seek reimbursement for litigation fees and costs that have not previously been reimbursed through prior settlements or judgments.

To effectuate a State Back-Stop Agreement pursuant to this section, an agreement in the form of Appendix 2 may be entered into by a Plaintiff Subdivision, private counsel, and the California Office of the Attorney General. The California Office of the Attorney General shall, upon the request of a Plaintiff Subdivision, execute any agreement executed by a Plaintiff Subdivision and its private counsel if it is in the form of Appendix 2. The California Office of the Attorney General will also consider requests from Plaintiff Subdivisions to execute and enter into agreements presented in other forms.

For the avoidance of doubt, this agreement does not require a Plaintiff Subdivision to request or enter into a State Back-Stop Agreement, and no State Back-Stop Agreement shall impose any duty or obligation on the State of California or any of its agencies or officers, including without limitation the Attorney General.

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## **5. State and Subdivision Reporting**

- a) DHCS will prepare an annual written report regarding the State's use of funds from the settlement until those funds are fully expended and for one year thereafter. These reports will be made publicly available on the DHCS web site.
- b) Each CA Participating Subdivision that receives payments of funds from the settlement will prepare written reports at least annually regarding the use of those funds, until those funds are fully expended and for one year thereafter. These reports will also include a certification that all funds that the CA Participating Subdivision has received through the settlement have been used in compliance with the Alvogen Settlement Agreement and this CA Alvogen Allocation Agreement. The report will be in a form reasonably determined by DHCS. Prior to specifying the form of the report DHCS will confer with representatives of the Plaintiff Subdivisions.
- c) The State and all CA Participating Subdivisions receiving CA Abatement Accounts Funds will track all deposits and expenditures. Each such subdivision is responsible solely for the CA Abatement Accounts Funds it receives. A county is not responsible for oversight, reporting, or monitoring of CA Abatement Accounts Funds received by a city within that county that receives direct payment. Unless otherwise exempt, Subdivisions' expenditures and uses of CA Abatement Accounts Funds and other Settlement Funds will be subject to the normal budgetary and expenditure process of the Subdivision.
- d) Each Plaintiff Subdivision receiving CA Subdivision Funds will track all deposits and expenditures, as required by the Alvogen Settlement Agreement and this CA Alvogen Allocation Agreement. Among other things, Plaintiff Subdivisions using monies from the CA Subdivision Fund for purposes that do not qualify as Opioid Remediation must identify and include in their annual report, the amount and how such funds were used, including if used to pay attorneys' fees, investigation costs, or litigation costs. Pursuant to Section VI(B)(2) of the Alvogen Settlement Agreement, such information must also be reported to the Settlement Fund Administrator and Alvogen.
- e) In each year in which DHCS prepares an annual report DHCS will also host a meeting to discuss the annual report and the Opioid Remediation activities being carried out by the State and Participating Subdivisions.

## **6. Miscellaneous**

- a) The State or any CA Participating Subdivision may bring a motion or action in the court where the State has filed its Consent Judgment to enforce the requirements of this CA Alvogen Allocation Agreement. Before filing such a motion or action the State will meet and confer with any CA Participating Subdivision that is the subject of the anticipated motion or action, and vice versa.
- b) Except as provided in the Alvogen Settlement Agreement, this CA Alvogen Allocation Agreement is not enforceable by any party other than the State and the CA Participating



Subdivisions. It does not confer any rights or remedies upon, and shall not be enforceable by, any third party.

- c) Except as provided in the CA Alvogen Allocation Agreement, if any provision of this agreement or the application thereof to any person, entity, or circumstance shall, to any extent, be invalid or unenforceable, the remainder of this agreement, or the application of such provision to persons, entities, or circumstances other than those as to which it is invalid or unenforceable, will not be affected thereby, and each other provision of this agreement will be valid and enforceable to the fullest extent permitted by law.
- d) Except as provided in the Alvogen Settlement Agreement, this agreement shall be governed by and interpreted in accordance with the laws of California.



The undersigned, Lompoc city, CA, ACKNOWLEDGES acceptance of this Proposed California State-Subdivision Agreement Regarding Distribution and Use of Settlement Funds – Alvogen Settlement is a requirement to be an Initial Participating Subdivision in the Alvogen Settlement and ACCEPTS this Proposed California State-Subdivision Agreement Regarding Distribution and Use of Settlement Funds – Alvogen Settlement.

Signature: \_\_\_\_\_

Name: \_\_\_\_\_

Title: \_\_\_\_\_

Date: \_\_\_\_\_



## APPENDIX 1

**DISCLAIMER:** The allocation percentages herein are estimates only and should not be relied on for decisions regarding legal rights, releases, waivers, or other decisions affecting current or potential legal claims. Percentages shown in the Plaintiff Subdivision Percentage column may change pursuant to Section 4.C. of the California State-Subdivision Agreement Regarding Distribution and Use of Settlement Funds—Alvogen Settlement, whereas the percentages shown in the Abatement Percentage column should not change. Participating Subdivisions, underlying calculations, and the calculated allocation percentages are subject to change. Regarding the column herein entitled “Abatement Percentage,” pursuant to Section 4.B.e., the State of California will receive the Local Allocation share of any payment to the Settlement Fund that is attributable to a county or city that is eligible to become a CA Participating Subdivision, but that has not, as of the date of that payment to the Settlement Fund, become a Participating Subdivision. Regarding the column herein entitled “Plaintiff Subdivision Percentage,” payments allocated to a Plaintiff Subdivision, which is not an Initial Participating Subdivision, will be re-allocated among the Plaintiff Subdivisions that are Initial Participating Subdivisions. Regarding the column herein entitled “Abatement Percentage,” the annotation of “100%” refers to one-hundred percent (100%) of the California Abatement Account Funds received, pursuant to Section 4.B. Regarding the column herein entitled “Plaintiff Subdivision Percentage,” the annotation of “100%” refers to one-hundred percent (100%) of the California Subdivision Funds received, pursuant to Section 4.C. Regarding the column herein entitled “Weighted Allocation Percentage,” the annotation of “100%” refers to one-hundred percent (100%) of the combined and weighted allocation of the Abatement Percentage and the Plaintiff Subdivision Percentage.



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		100.000%	100.000%	100.000%	100.000%	100.000%
Participating Subdivision Classification	Participating Subdivision	County	Abatement Percentage	Plaintiff Subdivision Percentage	Weighted Allocation Percentage	Weighted Allocation Percentage
County	<b>Alameda County</b>	Alameda	2.332%	2.853%	2.4237952%	2.4237952%
City	Alameda	Alameda	0.069%		0.0570162%	0.0570162%
City	Albany	Alameda	0.013%		0.0107768%	0.0107768%
City	Berkeley	Alameda	0.152%		0.1249656%	0.1249656%
City	Dublin	Alameda	0.033%	0.040%	0.0338810%	0.0338810%
City	Emeryville	Alameda	0.023%		0.0185765%	0.0185765%
City	Fremont	Alameda	0.108%		0.0888576%	0.0888576%
City	Hayward	Alameda	0.117%		0.0966218%	0.0966218%
City	Livermore	Alameda	0.054%		0.0446740%	0.0446740%
City	Newark	Alameda	0.026%		0.0217626%	0.0217626%
City	Oakland	Alameda	0.486%	0.595%	0.5055601%	0.5055601%
City	Piedmont	Alameda	0.014%		0.0114064%	0.0114064%
City	Pleasanton	Alameda	0.067%		0.0554547%	0.0554547%
City	San Leandro	Alameda	0.039%		0.0321267%	0.0321267%
City	Union City	Alameda	0.043%		0.0352484%	0.0352484%
County	<b>Amador County</b>	Amador	0.226%	0.277%	0.2349885%	0.2349885%
County	<b>Butte County</b>	Butte	1.615%	1.975%	1.6783178%	1.6783178%
City	Chico	Butte	0.216%	0.264%	0.2246499%	0.2246499%
City	Oroville	Butte	0.079%		0.0646595%	0.0646595%
County	<b>Calaveras County</b>	Calaveras	0.226%	0.277%	0.2351644%	0.2351644%
County	<b>Colusa County</b>	Colusa	0.059%		0.0489221%	0.0489221%
County	<b>Contra Costa County</b>	Contra Costa	2.102%	2.571%	2.1844585%	2.1844585%
City	Antioch	Contra Costa	0.037%		0.0301879%	0.0301879%
City	Brentwood	Contra Costa	0.026%		0.0215339%	0.0215339%
City	Clayton	Contra Costa	0.002%		0.0018060%	0.0018060%
City	Concord	Contra Costa	0.055%		0.0456676%	0.0456676%
City	Danville	Contra Costa	0.010%		0.0082255%	0.0082255%
City	El Cerrito	Contra Costa	0.023%		0.0189024%	0.0189024%
City	Hercules	Contra Costa	0.010%		0.0078273%	0.0078273%
Participating Subdivision Classification	Participating Subdivision	County	Abatement Percentage	Plaintiff Subdivision Percentage	Weighted Allocation Percentage	Weighted Allocation Percentage
City	Lafayette	Contra Costa	0.006%		0.0046030%	0.0046030%



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City	Martinez	Contra Costa	0.012%			<b>0.0098593%</b>
City	Moraga	Contra Costa	0.004%			<b>0.0031007%</b>
City	Oakley	Contra Costa	0.010%			<b>0.0079416%</b>
City	Orinda	Contra Costa	0.005%			<b>0.0038157%</b>
City	Pinole	Contra Costa	0.013%			<b>0.0110909%</b>
City	Pittsburg	Contra Costa	0.053%			<b>0.0436369%</b>
City	Pleasant Hill	Contra Costa	0.013%			<b>0.0106309%</b>
City	Richmond	Contra Costa	0.146%			<b>0.1201444%</b>
City	San Pablo	Contra Costa	0.018%			<b>0.0148843%</b>
City	San Ramon	Contra Costa	0.021%			<b>0.0176459%</b>
City	Walnut Creek	Contra Costa	0.026%			<b>0.0212132%</b>
County	<b>Del Norte County</b>	Del Norte	0.114%	0.140%		<b>0.1189608%</b>
County	<b>El Dorado County</b>	El Dorado	0.768%	0.939%		<b>0.7980034%</b>
City	Placerville	El Dorado	0.015%			<b>0.0127642%</b>
City	South Lake Tahoe	El Dorado	0.081%			<b>0.0665456%</b>
County	<b>Fresno County</b>	Fresno	1.895%	2.318%		<b>1.9693410%</b>
City	Clovis	Fresno	0.065%			<b>0.0536211%</b>
City	Coalinga	Fresno	0.012%			<b>0.0098554%</b>
City	Fresno	Fresno	0.397%			<b>0.3270605%</b>
City	Kerman	Fresno	0.005%			<b>0.0042534%</b>
City	Kingsburg	Fresno	0.008%			<b>0.0066167%</b>
City	Mendota	Fresno	0.002%			<b>0.0019387%</b>
City	Orange Cove	Fresno	0.004%			<b>0.0035607%</b>
City	Parlier	Fresno	0.008%			<b>0.0069755%</b>
City	Reedley	Fresno	0.012%			<b>0.0098804%</b>
City	Sanger	Fresno	0.018%			<b>0.0146135%</b>
City	Selma	Fresno	0.015%			<b>0.0127537%</b>
County	<b>Glenn County</b>	Glenn	0.107%	0.131%		<b>0.1116978%</b>
County	<b>Humboldt County</b>	Humboldt	1.030%	1.260%		<b>1.0703185%</b>
<b>Participating Subdivision Classification</b>	<b>Participating Subdivision</b>	<b>County</b>	<b>Abatement Percentage</b>	<b>Plaintiff Subdivision Percentage</b>	<b>Weighted Allocation Percentage</b>	
City	Arcata	Humboldt	0.054%			<b>0.0447660%</b>
City	Eureka	Humboldt	0.117%	0.143%		<b>0.1216284%</b>
City	Fortuna	Humboldt	0.032%			<b>0.0266837%</b>
County	<b>Imperial County</b>	Imperial	0.258%	0.315%		<b>0.2679006%</b>
City	Brawley	Imperial	0.011%			<b>0.0087986%</b>



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Participating Subdivision Classification	Participating Subdivision	County	Abatement Percentage	Plaintiff Subdivision Percentage	Weighted Allocation Percentage
City	Calexico	Imperial	0.019%		0.0152799%
City	El Centro	Imperial	0.158%		0.1302522%
City	Imperial	Imperial	0.006%		0.0048791%
County	<b>Inyo County</b>	Inyo	0.073%	0.089%	0.0754413%
County	<b>Kern County</b>	Kern	2.517%	3.079%	2.6159145%
City	Arvin	Kern	0.006%		0.0046425%
City	Bakersfield	Kern	0.212%		0.1747198%
City	California City	Kern	0.009%		0.0070820%
City	Delano	Kern	0.030%		0.0249316%
City	McFarland	Kern	0.003%		0.0025644%
City	Ridgecrest	Kern	0.015%		0.0120938%
City	Shafter	Kern	0.013%		0.0103417%
City	Tehachapi	Kern	0.009%		0.0073580%
City	Wasco	Kern	0.008%		0.0069861%
County	<b>Kings County</b>	Kings	0.293%		0.2413469%
City	Avenal	Kings	0.007%		0.0056335%
City	Corcoran	Kings	0.013%		0.0107032%
City	Hanford	Kings	0.027%		0.0226038%
City	Lemoore	Kings	0.016%		0.0131900%
County	<b>Lake County</b>	Lake	0.795%		0.6545389%
City	Clearlake	Lake	0.041%	0.050%	0.0426253%
City	Lakeport	Lake	0.021%	0.026%	0.0222964%
County	<b>Lassen County</b>	Lassen	0.319%	0.391%	0.3320610%
City	Susanville	Lassen	0.027%		0.0219295%
County	<b>Los Angeles County</b>	Los Angeles	13.896%	16.999%	14.4437559%
Participating Subdivision Classification	Participating Subdivision	County	Abatement Percentage	Plaintiff Subdivision Percentage	Weighted Allocation Percentage
City	Agoura Hills	Los Angeles	0.005%		0.0040024%
City	Alhambra	Los Angeles	0.042%		0.0343309%
City	Arcadia	Los Angeles	0.033%		0.0267718%
City	Artesia	Los Angeles	0.001%		0.0005100%
City	Azusa	Los Angeles	0.026%		0.0210857%
City	Baldwin Park	Los Angeles	0.027%		0.0218520%
City	Bell	Los Angeles	0.008%		0.0068783%
City	Bellflower	Los Angeles	0.002%		0.0014485%
City	Bell Gardens	Los Angeles	0.014%		0.0114301%

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Participating Subdivision Classification	Participating Subdivision	County	Abatement Percentage	Plaintiff Subdivision Percentage	Weighted Allocation Percentage
City	Beverly Hills	Los Angeles	0.065%		0.0534897%
City	Burbank	Los Angeles	0.100%		0.0823132%
City	Calabasas	Los Angeles	0.006%		0.0048948%
City	Carson	Los Angeles	0.019%		0.0159805%
City	Cerritos	Los Angeles	0.005%		0.0039682%
City	Claremont	Los Angeles	0.010%		0.0082584%
City	Commerce	Los Angeles	0.000%		0.0002971%
City	Compton	Los Angeles	0.044%		0.0361882%
City	Covina	Los Angeles	0.028%		0.0229127%
City	Cudahy	Los Angeles	0.001%		0.0006020%
City	Culver City	Los Angeles	0.055%		0.0449894%
City	Diamond Bar	Los Angeles	0.001%		0.0006993%
City	Downey	Los Angeles	0.052%		0.0429994%
City	Duarte	Los Angeles	0.003%		0.0027261%
City	El Monte	Los Angeles	0.031%	0.038%	0.0318985%
City	El Segundo	Los Angeles	0.033%		0.0268020%
City	Gardena	Los Angeles	0.034%		0.0278088%
City	Glendale	Los Angeles	0.166%		0.1366586%
City	Glendora	Los Angeles	0.016%		0.0134411%
City	Hawaiian Gardens	Los Angeles	0.005%		0.0040549%
City	Hawthorne	Los Angeles	0.050%		0.0407833%
<b>Participating Subdivision Classification</b>	<b>Participating Subdivision</b>	<b>County</b>	<b>Abatement Percentage</b>	<b>Plaintiff Subdivision Percentage</b>	<b>Weighted Allocation Percentage</b>
City	Hermosa Beach	Los Angeles	0.018%		0.0145307%
City	Huntington Park	Los Angeles	0.023%		0.0190667%
City	Inglewood	Los Angeles	0.059%		0.0489195%
City	La Canada Flintridge	Los Angeles	0.003%		0.0025565%
City	Lakewood	Los Angeles	0.005%		0.0039971%
City	La Mirada	Los Angeles	0.010%		0.0081572%
City	Lancaster	Los Angeles	0.045%		0.0369689%
City	La Puente	Los Angeles	0.002%		0.0012999%
City	La Verne	Los Angeles	0.024%		0.0194190%
City	Lawndale	Los Angeles	0.002%		0.0017731%
City	Lomita	Los Angeles	0.004%		0.0031940%
City	Long Beach	Los Angeles	0.439%		0.3614151%
City	Los Angeles	Los Angeles	2.715%	3.321%	2.821881 %



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City	Lynwood	Los Angeles	0.016%			0.0134345%
City	Malibu	Los Angeles	0.002%			0.0019269%
City	Manhattan Beach	Los Angeles	0.032%			0.0260686%
City	Maywood	Los Angeles	0.004%			0.0035528%
City	Monrovia	Los Angeles	0.031%			0.0254455%
City	Montebello	Los Angeles	0.030%			0.0250670%
City	Monterey Park	Los Angeles	0.031%			0.0256677%
City	Norwalk	Los Angeles	0.031%			0.0258228%
City	Palmdale	Los Angeles	0.046%			0.0375827%
City	Palos Verdes Estates	Los Angeles	0.006%			0.0053102%
City	Paramount	Los Angeles	0.011%			0.0091483%
City	Pasadena	Los Angeles	0.146%			0.1200524%
City	Pico Rivera	Los Angeles	0.022%			0.0183333%
City	Pomona	Los Angeles	0.111%			0.0911933%
City	Rancho Palos Verdes	Los Angeles	0.002%			0.0012645%
City	Redondo Beach	Los Angeles	0.062%			0.0506992%
City	Rosemead	Los Angeles	0.003%			0.0028260%
<b>Participating Subdivision Classification</b>	<b>Participating Subdivision</b>	<b>County</b>	<b>Abatement Percentage</b>	<b>Plaintiff Subdivision Percentage</b>	<b>Weighted Allocation Percentage</b>	
City	San Dimas	Los Angeles	0.003%			0.0022016%
City	San Fernando	Los Angeles	0.013%			0.0104837%
City	San Gabriel	Los Angeles	0.018%			0.0147726%
City	San Marino	Los Angeles	0.009%			0.0073791%
City	Santa Clarita	Los Angeles	0.022%			0.0178167%
City	Santa Fe Springs	Los Angeles	0.031%			0.0257531%
City	Santa Monica	Los Angeles	0.158%			0.1298513%
City	Sierra Madre	Los Angeles	0.006%			0.0048646%
City	Signal Hill	Los Angeles	0.010%			0.0084884%
City	South El Monte	Los Angeles	0.005%			0.0039603%
City	South Gate	Los Angeles	0.020%			0.0166272%
City	South Pasadena	Los Angeles	0.012%			0.0095334%
City	Temple City	Los Angeles	0.005%			0.0039498%
City	Torrance	Los Angeles	0.112%			0.0919820%
City	Walnut	Los Angeles	0.006%			0.0047305%
City	West Covina	Los Angeles	0.049%			0.0404521%
City	West Hollywood	Los Angeles	0.013%			0.0108517%



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City	Whittier	Los Angeles	Abatement Percentage	Plaintiff Subdivision Percentage	Weighted Allocation Percentage
County	<b>Madera County</b>	Madera	0.032%	0.427%	<b>0.0260581%</b>
City	Chowchilla	Madera	0.349%		<b>0.3630669%</b>
City	Madera	Madera	0.012%		<b>0.0097332%</b>
County	<b>Marin County</b>	Marin	0.039%	0.690%	<b>0.0318441%</b>
City	Larkspur	Marin	0.564%		<b>0.5861325%</b>
City	Mill Valley	Marin	0.015%		<b>0.0124697%</b>
City	Novato	Marin	0.020%		<b>0.0168401%</b>
City	San Anselmo	Marin	0.028%		<b>0.0229824%</b>
City	San Rafael	Marin	0.009%		<b>0.0078062%</b>
County	<b>Mariposa County</b>	Mariposa	0.089%		<b>0.0729823%</b>
County	<b>Mendocino County</b>	Mendocino	0.084%	0.103%	<b>0.0876131%</b>
City	Ukiah	Mendocino	0.439%	0.536%	<b>0.4558394%</b>
<b>Participating Subdivision Classification</b>	<b>Participating Subdivision</b>	<b>County</b>	<b>Abatement Percentage</b>	<b>Plaintiff Subdivision Percentage</b>	<b>Weighted Allocation Percentage</b>
County	<b>Merced County</b>	Merced	0.039%		<b>0.0317153%</b>
City	Atwater	Merced	0.551%	0.674%	<b>0.5724262%</b>
City	Livingston	Merced	0.024%		<b>0.0195846%</b>
City	Los Banos	Merced	0.006%		<b>0.0045873%</b>
City	Merced	Merced	0.020%		<b>0.0165142%</b>
County	<b>Modoc County</b>	Modoc	0.061%		<b>0.0500762%</b>
County	<b>Mono County</b>	Mono	0.065%	0.080%	<b>0.0678250%</b>
County	<b>Monterey County</b>	Monterey	0.023%	0.029%	<b>0.0242606%</b>
City	Greenfield	Monterey	0.908%	1.111%	<b>0.9437083%</b>
City	King City	Monterey	0.006%		<b>0.0050552%</b>
City	Marina	Monterey	0.005%		<b>0.0037355%</b>
City	Monterey	Monterey	0.017%		<b>0.0144098%</b>
City	Pacific Grove	Monterey	0.041%		<b>0.0336540%</b>
City	Salinas	Monterey	0.009%		<b>0.0074842%</b>
City	Seaside	Monterey	0.094%		<b>0.0776576%</b>
City	Soledad	Monterey	0.023%		<b>0.0191772%</b>
County	<b>Napa County</b>	Napa	0.007%		<b>0.0060870%</b>
City	American Canyon	Napa	0.288%	0.352%	<b>0.2994325%</b>
City	Napa	Napa	0.017%		<b>0.0136869%</b>
County	<b>Nevada County</b>	Nevada	0.078%		<b>0.0642783%</b>
City	Grass Valley	Nevada	0.441%	0.539%	<b>0.4579827%</b>
City		Nevada	0.024%		<b>0.0197805%</b>



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City	Truckee	Nevada	0.003%		0.0023843%
County	<b>Orange County</b>	Orange	4.364%	5.339%	4.5363576%
City	Aliso Viejo	Orange	0.014%		0.0113841%
City	Anaheim	Orange	0.554%	0.678%	0.5759282%
City	Brea	Orange	0.086%		0.0708897%
City	Buena Park	Orange	0.087%		0.0714352%
City	Costa Mesa	Orange	0.124%	0.152%	0.1288366%
City	Cypress	Orange	0.033%		0.0271937%
City	Dana Point	Orange	0.001%		0.0005560%
<b>Participating Subdivision Classification</b>	<b>Participating Subdivision</b>	<b>County</b>	<b>Abatement Percentage</b>	<b>Plaintiff Subdivision Percentage</b>	<b>Weighted Allocation Percentage</b>
City	Fountain Valley	Orange	0.055%		0.0455980%
City	Fullerton	Orange	0.137%	0.168%	0.1425744%
City	Garden Grove	Orange	0.213%		0.1752482%
City	Huntington Beach	Orange	0.247%	0.302%	0.2568420%
City	Irvine	Orange	0.139%	0.170%	0.1442350%
City	Laguna Beach	Orange	0.047%	0.058%	0.0493043%
City	Laguna Hills	Orange	0.014%		0.0115457%
City	Laguna Niguel	Orange	0.001%		0.0007071%
City	Laguna Woods	Orange	0.001%		0.0006546%
City	La Habra	Orange	0.060%	0.073%	0.0621049%
City	Lake Forest	Orange	0.012%		0.0101249%
City	La Palma	Orange	0.012%		0.0095439%
City	Los Alamitos	Orange	0.008%		0.0069190%
City	Mission Viejo	Orange	0.014%		0.0117560%
City	Newport Beach	Orange	0.179%		0.1470134%
City	Orange	Orange	0.150%		0.1231320%
City	Placentia	Orange	0.029%	0.035%	0.0298912%
City	Rancho Santa Margarita	Orange	0.001%		0.0006296%
City	San Clemente	Orange	0.008%	0.010%	0.0086083%
City	San Juan Capistrano	Orange	0.008%		0.0065510%
City	Santa Ana	Orange	0.502%	0.614%	0.5213866%
City	Seal Beach	Orange	0.020%		0.0165891%
City	Stanton	Orange	0.035%		0.0291955%
City	Tustin	Orange	0.073%		0.0600341%
City	Westminster	Orange	0.104%	0.127%	0.1082721%



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City	Yorba Linda	Orange	0.044%		0.0362223%
County	<b>Placer County</b>	Placer	1.045%	1.278%	1.0861002%
City	Auburn	Placer	0.017%		0.0141114%
City	Lincoln	Placer	0.031%		0.0255599%
City	Rocklin	Placer	0.076%		0.0625485%
<b>Participating Subdivision Classification</b>	<b>Participating Subdivision</b>	<b>County</b>	<b>Abatement Percentage</b>	<b>Plaintiff Subdivision Percentage</b>	<b>Weighted Allocation Percentage</b>
City	Roseville	Placer	0.196%		0.1616559%
County	<b>Plumas County</b>	Plumas	0.205%	0.251%	0.2128729%
County	<b>Riverside County</b>	Riverside	4.534%	5.547%	4.7128296%
City	Banning	Riverside	0.017%		0.0143848%
City	Beaumont	Riverside	0.021%		0.0171135%
City	Blythe	Riverside	0.012%		0.0096714%
City	Canyon Lake	Riverside	0.000%		0.0001761%
City	Cathedral City	Riverside	0.067%		0.0553614%
City	Coachella	Riverside	0.021%		0.0173054%
City	Corona	Riverside	0.147%		0.1207083%
City	Desert Hot Springs	Riverside	0.024%		0.0200433%
City	Eastvale	Riverside	0.000%		0.0002747%
City	Hemet	Riverside	0.051%		0.0421792%
City	Indio	Riverside	0.056%		0.0457794%
City	Jurupa Valley	Riverside	0.001%		0.0008991%
City	Lake Elsinore	Riverside	0.021%		0.0172949%
City	La Quinta	Riverside	0.063%		0.0516732%
City	Menifee	Riverside	0.032%		0.0260909%
City	Moreno Valley	Riverside	0.137%		0.1130348%
City	Murrieta	Riverside	0.048%	0.059%	0.0497423%
City	Norco	Riverside	0.016%		0.0134542%
City	Palm Desert	Riverside	0.083%		0.0682465%
City	Palm Springs	Riverside	0.076%		0.0629862%
City	Perris	Riverside	0.009%		0.0076774%
City	Rancho Mirage	Riverside	0.052%		0.0431098%
City	Riverside	Riverside	0.268%		0.2206279%
City	San Jacinto	Riverside	0.010%		0.0085936%
City	Temecula	Riverside	0.022%		0.0180086%
City	Wildomar	Riverside	0.008%		0.0062500%



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County	<b>Sacramento County</b>	Sacramento	3.797%	4.645%	3.9465887%
Participating Subdivision Classification	Participating Subdivision	County	Abatement Percentage	Plaintiff Subdivision Percentage	Weighted Allocation Percentage
City	Citrus Heights	Sacramento	0.057%		0.0465312%
City	Elk Grove	Sacramento	0.130%		0.1066994%
City	Folsom	Sacramento	0.108%		0.0890850%
City	Galt	Sacramento	0.017%		0.0143704%
City	Rancho Cordova	Sacramento	0.008%		0.0067679%
City	Sacramento	Sacramento	0.721%	0.882%	0.7496530%
County	<b>San Benito County</b>	San Benito	0.106%	0.130%	0.1101417%
City	Hollister	San Benito	0.027%		0.0225355%
County	<b>San Bernardino County</b>	San Bernardino	3.259%	3.987%	3.3878124%
City	Adelanto	San Bernardino	0.008%		0.0066640%
City	Apple Valley	San Bernardino	0.025%		0.0207360%
City	Barstow	San Bernardino	0.015%		0.0122056%
City	Chino	San Bernardino	0.064%		0.0525893%
City	Chino Hills	San Bernardino	0.001%		0.0006388%
City	Colton	San Bernardino	0.031%		0.0253443%
City	Fontana	San Bernardino	0.112%		0.0920543%
City	Grand Terrace	San Bernardino	0.006%		0.0051051%
City	Hesperia	San Bernardino	0.035%		0.0291522%
City	Highland	San Bernardino	0.004%		0.0029061%
City	Loma Linda	San Bernardino	0.009%		0.0071188%
City	Montclair	San Bernardino	0.039%		0.0322108%
City	Ontario	San Bernardino	0.179%		0.1472934%
City	Rancho Cucamonga	San Bernardino	0.084%		0.0689431%
City	Redlands	San Bernardino	0.057%		0.0469150%
City	Rialto	San Bernardino	0.073%		0.0603206%
City	San Bernardino	San Bernardino	0.178%		0.1461880%
City	Twentynine Palms	San Bernardino	0.002%		0.0012605%
City	Upland	San Bernardino	0.052%		0.0424460%
City	Victorville	San Bernardino	0.033%		0.0269400%
City	Yucaipa	San Bernardino	0.016%		0.0128772%
Participating Subdivision Classification	Participating Subdivision	County	Abatement Percentage	Plaintiff Subdivision Percentage	Weighted Allocation Percentage



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City	Yucca Valley	San Bernardino	0.003%			0.0021228%
County	<b>San Diego County</b>	San Diego	5.706%	6.980%		5.9309748%
City	Carlsbad	San Diego	0.128%			0.1050485%
City	Chula Vista	San Diego	0.189%	0.231%		0.1961456%
City	Coronado	San Diego	0.044%			0.0359095%
City	El Cajon	San Diego	0.113%			0.0933582%
City	Encinitas	San Diego	0.061%	0.074%		0.0630289%
City	Escondido	San Diego	0.145%			0.1192204%
City	Imperial Beach	San Diego	0.014%			0.0118283%
City	La Mesa	San Diego	0.055%	0.068%		0.0575593%
City	Lemon Grove	San Diego	0.022%			0.0183911%
City	National City	San Diego	0.080%			0.0656808%
City	Oceanside	San Diego	0.213%			0.1753428%
City	Poway	San Diego	0.062%			0.0511040%
City	San Diego	San Diego	1.975%	2.416%		2.0531169%
City	San Marcos	San Diego	0.089%			0.0733897%
City	Santee	San Diego	0.033%			0.0268401%
City	Solana Beach	San Diego	0.017%			0.0138564%
City	Vista	San Diego	0.052%			0.0425144%
Consolidated	<b>San Francisco</b>	San Francisco	3.026%	3.702%		3.1457169%
County	<b>San Joaquin County</b>	San Joaquin	1.680%	2.055%		1.7460399%
City	Lathrop	San Joaquin	0.009%			0.0075394%
City	Lodi	San Joaquin	0.053%			0.0439484%
City	Manteca	San Joaquin	0.054%			0.0443454%
City	Ripon	San Joaquin	0.013%			0.0104219%
City	Stockton	San Joaquin	0.313%	0.383%		0.3256176%
City	Tracy	San Joaquin	0.084%			0.0692047%
County	<b>San Luis Obispo County</b>	San Luis Obispo	0.816%	0.999%		0.8484126%
City	Atascadero	San Luis Obispo	0.024%			0.0199053%
City	Atascadero	San Luis Obispo	0.029%			0.0240680%
<b>Participating Subdivision Classification</b>	<b>Participating Subdivision</b>	<b>County</b>	<b>Abatement Percentage</b>	<b>Plaintiff Subdivision Percentage</b>	<b>Weighted Allocation Percentage</b>	
City	El Paso de Robles (Paso Robles)	San Luis Obispo	0.043%			0.0353456%
City	Grover Beach	San Luis Obispo	0.017%			0.0137881%
City	Morro Bay	San Luis Obispo	0.020%			0.0160922%
City	San Luis Obispo	San Luis Obispo	0.077%			0.0637841%



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County	<i>San Mateo County</i>	San Mateo	1.074%	1.313%	1.1159599%
City	Belmont	San Mateo	0.021%		0.0169860%
City	Burlingame	San Mateo	0.019%		0.0152537%
City	Daly City	San Mateo	0.044%		0.0363880%
City	East Palo Alto	San Mateo	0.013%		0.0103982%
City	Foster City	San Mateo	0.020%		0.0166101%
City	Half Moon Bay	San Mateo	0.004%		0.0031638%
City	Hillsborough	San Mateo	0.013%		0.0110029%
City	Menlo Park	San Mateo	0.015%		0.0126209%
City	Millbrae	San Mateo	0.013%		0.0105836%
City	Pacifica	San Mateo	0.016%		0.0130625%
City	Redwood City	San Mateo	0.056%		0.0463511%
City	San Bruno	San Mateo	0.021%		0.0172161%
City	San Carlos	San Mateo	0.013%		0.0108885%
City	San Mateo	San Mateo	0.052%		0.0425841%
City	South San Francisco	San Mateo	0.043%		0.0353943%
County	<i>Santa Barbara County</i>	Santa Barbara	1.132%	1.385%	1.1768968%
City	Carpinteria	Santa Barbara	0.001%		0.0008938%
City	Goleta	Santa Barbara	0.004%		0.0028969%
City	Lompoc	Santa Barbara	0.047%		0.0389379%
City	Santa Barbara	Santa Barbara	0.122%		0.1004559%
City	Santa Maria	Santa Barbara	0.058%		0.0479179%
County	<i>Santa Clara County</i>	Santa Clara	2.404%	2.941%	2.4987553%
City	Campbell	Santa Clara	0.014%		0.0112566%
City	Cupertino	Santa Clara	0.008%		0.0066824%
City	Gilroy	Santa Clara	0.025%		0.0202891%
Participating Subdivision Classification	Participating Subdivision	County	Abatement Percentage	Plaintiff Subdivision Percentage	Weighted Allocation Percentage
City	Los Altos	Santa Clara	0.013%		0.0103338%
City	Los Gatos	Santa Clara	0.013%		0.0103220%
City	Milpitas	Santa Clara	0.036%		0.0298120%
City	Morgan Hill	Santa Clara	0.015%		0.0124619%
City	Mountain View	Santa Clara	0.041%		0.0334608%
City	Palo Alto	Santa Clara	0.039%		0.0323080%
City	San Jose	Santa Clara	0.294%	0.360%	0.3054960%
City	Santa Clara	Santa Clara	0.067%		0.0549723%



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City	Saratoga	Santa Clara	0.004%			<b>0.0034161%</b>
City	Sunnyvale	Santa Clara	0.053%			<b>0.0434069%</b>
County	<b>Santa Cruz County</b>	Santa Cruz	0.783%	0.957%		<b>0.8135396%</b>
City	Capitola	Santa Cruz	0.020%			<b>0.0168191%</b>
City	Santa Cruz	Santa Cruz	0.143%			<b>0.1180348%</b>
City	Scotts Valley	Santa Cruz	0.015%			<b>0.0126525%</b>
City	Watsonville	Santa Cruz	0.063%			<b>0.0520136%</b>
County	<b>Shasta County</b>	Shasta	1.095%	1.339%		<b>1.1380191%</b>
City	Anderson	Shasta	0.024%			<b>0.0198896%</b>
City	Redding	Shasta	0.284%			<b>0.2334841%</b>
City	Shasta Lake	Shasta	0.004%			<b>0.0031993%</b>
County	<b>Siskiyou County</b>	Siskiyou	0.228%	0.279%		<b>0.2373393%</b>
County	<b>Solano County</b>	Solano	0.760%			<b>0.6260795%</b>
City	Benicia	Solano	0.031%			<b>0.0253903%</b>
City	Dixon	Solano	0.016%			<b>0.0130849%</b>
City	Fairfield	Solano	0.109%			<b>0.0897317%</b>
City	Suisun City	Solano	0.021%			<b>0.0176183%</b>
City	Vacaville	Solano	0.119%			<b>0.0976497%</b>
City	Vallejo	Solano	0.167%			<b>0.1373644%</b>
County	<b>Sonoma County</b>	Sonoma	1.218%	1.490%		<b>1.2661290%</b>
City	Healdsburg	Sonoma	0.032%			<b>0.0266929%</b>
City	Petaluma	Sonoma	0.081%			<b>0.0667507%</b>
<b>Participating Subdivision Classification</b>	<b>Participating Subdivision</b>	<b>County</b>	<b>Abatement Percentage</b>	<b>Plaintiff Subdivision Percentage</b>	<b>Weighted Allocation Percentage</b>	
City	Rohnert Park	Sonoma	0.041%			<b>0.0340759%</b>
City	Santa Rosa	Sonoma	0.184%			<b>0.1519070%</b>
City	Sonoma	Sonoma	0.022%			<b>0.0183438%</b>
City	Windsor	Sonoma	0.016%			<b>0.0129298%</b>
County	<b>Stanislaus County</b>	Stanislaus	1.722%			<b>1.4182273%</b>
City	Ceres	Stanislaus	0.041%			<b>0.0340260%</b>
City	Modesto	Stanislaus	0.217%			<b>0.1788759%</b>
City	Newman	Stanislaus	0.006%			<b>0.0046964%</b>
City	Oakdale	Stanislaus	0.018%			<b>0.0145531%</b>
City	Patterson	Stanislaus	0.015%			<b>0.0126590%</b>
City	Riverbank	Stanislaus	0.010%			<b>0.0085699%</b>
City	Turlock	Stanislaus	0.065%			<b>0.0531966%</b>



APPENDIX 1

County	<i>Sutter County</i>	Sutter	0.306%	0.374%	0.3179548%
City	Yuba City	Sutter	0.074%		0.0606242%
County	<i>Tehama County</i>	Tehama	0.213%	0.261%	0.2216654%
City	Red Bluff	Tehama	0.014%		0.0117771%
County	<i>Trinity County</i>	Trinity	0.082%	0.101%	0.0855476%
County	<i>Tulare County</i>	Tulare	0.809%	0.990%	0.8410949%
City	Dinuba	Tulare	0.014%		0.0116929%
City	Exeter	Tulare	0.004%		0.0032479%
City	Farmersville	Tulare	0.003%		0.0027879%
City	Lindsay	Tulare	0.007%		0.0057111%
City	Porterville	Tulare	0.021%		0.0171845%
City	Tulare	Tulare	0.037%		0.0302273%
City	Visalia	Tulare	0.066%		0.0545872%
County	<i>Tuolumne County</i>	Tuolumne	0.486%	0.594%	0.5047621%
County	<i>Ventura County</i>	Ventura	2.192%	2.681%	2.2781201%
City	Camarillo	Ventura	0.002%		0.0012815%
City	Fillmore	Ventura	0.002%		0.0020294%
City	Moorpark	Ventura	0.008%		0.0067337%
Participating Subdivision Classification	Participating Subdivision	County	Abatement Percentage	Plaintiff Subdivision Percentage	Weighted Allocation Percentage
City	Oxnard	Ventura	0.156%	0.190%	0.1617338%
City	Port Hueneme	Ventura	0.021%		0.0174145%
City	San Buenaventura (Ventura)	Ventura	0.085%		0.0702181%
City	Santa Paula	Ventura	0.014%		0.0119072%
City	Simi Valley	Ventura	0.065%		0.0533043%
City	Thousand Oaks	Ventura	0.022%		0.0179902%
County	<i>Yolo County</i>	Yolo	0.357%	0.437%	0.3713319%
City	Davis	Yolo	0.055%		0.0451747%
City	West Sacramento	Yolo	0.066%		0.0544321%
City	Woodland	Yolo	0.058%		0.0477904%
County	<i>Yuba County</i>	Yuba	0.214%	0.262%	0.2225679%
City	Marysville	Yuba	0.014%		0.0112079%



**APPENDIX 2**

**CALIFORNIA-SUBDIVISION BACKSTOP AGREEMENT**

On August 6, 2021, Judge Polster of the US District Court for the Northern District of Ohio issued an Order (the Order), docket number 3814, in In Re National Prescription Opiate Litigation, MDL 2804, addressing contingent attorney fee contracts between political subdivisions eligible to participate in the Alvogen Settlement and their counsel.

In light of the Order, and at the request of [SUBDIVISION], the [SUBDIVISION], its counsel [COUNSEL], and the California Attorney General, on behalf of the State of California, are entering into this California-Subdivision Backstop Agreement (Backstop Agreement).

[SUBDIVISION] and [COUNSEL] intend this Backstop Agreement to constitute a State Back-Stop Agreement as that term is used in the Order and in Exhibit R (Agreement on Attorneys’ Fees, Costs, and Expenses) of the Alvogen Settlement Agreement.

Pursuant to this Backstop Agreement, [SUBDIVISION] may, subject to the limitations of the Alvogen Settlement Agreement and CA Alvogen Allocation Agreement, as well as any other limitations imposed by law, use funds that it receives from the Alvogen Settlement CA Subdivision Fund to pay a contingent fee to [COUNSEL]. Any such payment from [SUBDIVISION] to [COUNSEL] from [SUBDIVISION’S] CA Subdivision Fund allocation will not exceed [PERCENTAGE NOT TO EXCEED ONE-THIRD OR 5% OUT OF THE 15%] out of the [SUBDIVISION’S] 15% CA Subdivision Fund allocation; provided further that such payments, together with any contingency-fees that [COUNSEL] may receive from the Attorney Fee Fund will not exceed a total contingency fee of [PERCENTAGE NOT TO EXCEED 15%] of the total gross recovery of [SUBDIVISION] from the Alvogen Settlement Agreement.

[COUNSEL] certify that they first sought fees and costs from the Attorney Fee Fund created under the Alvogen Settlement Agreement before seeking or accepting payment under this backstop agreement. [COUNSEL] further certify that they are not seeking and will not accept payment under this backstop agreement of any litigation fees or costs that have been reimbursed through prior settlements or judgments.

The Attorney General is executing this agreement solely because the definition of “State Back-Stop Agreement” in Exhibit R of the Alvogen Settlement Agreement requires such agreements to be between “a Settling State” and private counsel for a participating subdivision. Neither the California Attorney General nor the State of California have any obligations under this Backstop Agreement, and this Backstop Agreement does not require the payment of any state funds to [SUBDIVISION], [COUNSEL], or any other party.

[DATE]	[SUBDIVISION SIGNATURE BLOCK]
[DATE]	[COUNSEL SIGNATURE BLOCK]
[DATE]	[ATTORNEY GENERAL SIGNATURE BLOCK]



**Proposed California State-Subdivision Agreement  
Regarding Distribution and Use of  
Settlement Funds – Amneal Settlement**

**1. Introduction**

Pursuant to the Amneal Settlement Agreement, dated as of April 4, 2025, and any revision thereto (the “Amneal Settlement Agreement”), including Section V and Exhibit O, the State of California proposes this agreement (the “CA Amneal Allocation Agreement”) to govern the allocation, distribution, and use of Settlement Fund payments made to California pursuant to Sections IV and V of the Amneal Settlement Agreement. For the avoidance of doubt, this agreement does not apply to payments made pursuant to Sections IX or XIV of the Amneal Settlement Agreement.

Pursuant to Exhibit O, Paragraph 4, of the Amneal Settlement Agreement, acceptance of this CA Amneal Allocation Agreement is a requirement to be an Initial Participating Subdivision.

**2. Definitions**

- a) *CA Participating Subdivision* means a Participating Subdivision that is also (a) a Plaintiff Subdivision and/or (b) a Primary Subdivision with a population equal to or greater than 10,000. For the avoidance of doubt, eligible CA Participating Subdivisions are those California subdivisions listed in Exhibit C (excluding Litigating Special Districts) and/or Exhibit I to the Amneal Settlement Agreement.
- b) *CA Litigating Special District* means a Litigating Special District located in California. CA Litigating Special Districts include Central California Alliance for Health, Health Plan of San Joaquin, Santa Barbara San Luis Obispo Regional Health Authority d/b/a Cencal Health, and Ventura County Medi-Cal Managed Care Commission d/b/a Gold Coast Health Plan.
- c) *Plaintiff Subdivision* means a Subdivision located in California, other than a CA Litigating Special District, that filed a lawsuit, on behalf of the Subdivision and/or through an official of the Subdivision on behalf of the People of the State of California, against one or more Opioid Defendants prior to October 1, 2020.
- d) *Opioid Defendant* means any defendant including but not limited to Alvogen, Inc. Amneal Pharmaceuticals LLC; Apotex Corp., Hikma Pharmaceuticals USA Inc. f/k/a West-Ward Pharmaceuticals Corp.; Indivior Inc.; Viartis Inc. (“Mylan”); Sun Pharmaceutical Industries, Inc.; Zydus Pharmaceuticals (USA) Inc.; Kroger Co., Teva Pharmaceutical Industries Ltd., Allergan Finance, LLC, Allergan Limited, CVS Health Corporation, CVS Pharmacy, Inc., Walgreen Co., Walmart Inc., Johnson & Johnson, Janssen Pharmaceuticals, Inc., Purdue Pharma L.P., Cardinal Health, Inc., Cencora, Inc. f/k/a AmerisourceBergen Corporation, McKesson Corporation, Dr. Richard S. Sackler, Beverly Sackler, Jonathan Sackler, David Sackler, Marianna Sackler, Theresa Sackler, Ilene Sackler Lefcourt, Dr. Kathe Sackler, and Mortimer



D.A. Sackler) named in a lawsuit seeking damages, abatement, or other remedies related to or caused by the opioid public health crisis in any lawsuit brought by any state or local government on or before October 1, 2020.

### **3. General Terms**

This agreement is subject to the requirements of the Amneal Settlement Agreement, as well as applicable law, and the Amneal Settlement Agreement governs over any inconsistent provision of this CA Amneal Allocation Agreement. Terms used in this CA Amneal Allocation Agreement have the same meaning as in the Amneal Settlement Agreement unless otherwise defined herein.

Pursuant to Section V(D)(1) of the Amneal Settlement Agreement, (a) all Settlement Fund payments will be used for Opioid Remediation, except as allowed by Section V(B)(2) of the Amneal Settlement Agreement; and (b) at least seventy percent (70%) of Settlement Fund payment amounts will be used solely for future Opioid Remediation.

This Agreement does not apply to funds received by California<sup>1</sup> pursuant to Sections IX or XIV of the Amneal Settlement Agreement, including payments for Private Attorney Fees, the Additional Remediation Amount, and the Settlement Product Cash Conversion Amount.<sup>2</sup>

### **4. State Allocation**

The Settlement Fund payments to California, pursuant to the Amneal Settlement Agreement, shall be allocated as follows: 15% to the State Fund; 70% to the Abatement Accounts Fund; and 15% to the Subdivision Fund. For the avoidance of doubt, all funds allocated to California from the Settlement Fund shall be combined pursuant to this CA Amneal Allocation Agreement, and 15% of that total shall be allocated to the State of California (the “State of California Allocation”), 70% to the California Abatement Accounts Fund (“CA Abatement Accounts Fund”), and 15% to the California Subdivision Fund (“CA Subdivision Fund”).

#### **A. State of California Allocation**

Fifteen percent of the total Settlement Fund payments will be allocated to the State and used by the State for future Opioid Remediation.

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<sup>1</sup> For purposes of clarity, use of the term “California” refers to the geographic territory of California and the state and its local governments therein. The term “State” or “State of California” refers to the State of California as a governmental unit.

<sup>2</sup>All Settlement Product Cash Conversion Amounts paid to California pursuant to Section XIV of the Amneal Settlement Agreement shall be allocated to the State and used by the State for future Opioid Remediation.



**B. CA Abatement Accounts Fund**

**i. Allocation of CA Abatement Accounts Funds**

- a) Seventy percent of the total Settlement Fund payments will be allocated to the CA Abatement Accounts Fund. The funds in the CA Abatement Accounts Fund will be allocated based on the allocation model developed in connection with the proposed negotiating class in the National Prescription Opiate Litigation (MDL No. 2804), as adjusted to reflect only those cities and counties that are eligible, based on population or litigation status, to become a CA Participating Subdivision. The percentage from the CA Abatement Accounts Fund allocated to each CA Participating Subdivision is set forth in Appendix 1 in the column entitled abatement percentage (the “Local Allocation”). For the avoidance of doubt, CA Litigating Special Districts and California towns, cities, and counties with a population less than 10,000 are not eligible to receive an allocation of CA Abatement Accounts Funds.
- b) A CA Participating Subdivision that is a county, or a city and county, will be allocated its Local Allocation share as of the date on which it becomes a Participating Subdivision, and will receive payments as provided in the Amneal Settlement Agreement.
- c) A CA Participating Subdivision that is a city will be allocated its Local Allocation share as of the date on which it becomes a Participating Subdivision. The Local Allocation share for a city that is a CA Participating Subdivision will be paid to the county in which the city is located, rather than to the city, so long as the county is a CA Participating Subdivision; provided, however, that if a city currently receives direct payment of its share of funds in the National Opioids Settlement with Distributors Cencora, Inc. (f/k/a AmerisourceBergenCorporation), Cardinal Health, Inc., and McKesson Corporation (the “Distributors Settlement”), that city’s Local Allocation amount will be paid directly to the city. If a city later changes or has already changed its distribution election in the Distributors Settlement, that change in election will apply here, provided that the change in election is received by the settlement administrator at least 60 days prior to a Payment Date. A Local Allocation share allocated to a city but paid to a county is not required to be spent exclusively for abatement activities in that city, but will become part of the county’s share of the CA Abatement Accounts Funds, which will be used in accordance with Section 4.B.ii (Use of CA Abatement Accounts Funds) and reported on in accordance with Section 4.B.iii (CA Abatement Accounts Fund Oversight).
- d) A city within a county that is a CA Participating Subdivision may opt in or out of direct payment at any time, and it may also elect direct payment of only a portion of its share, with the remainder going to the county, by providing notice to the Settlement Fund Administrator at least 60 days prior to a Payment Date. For purposes of this CA Amneal Allocation Agreement, the Cities of Los Angeles, Oakland, San Diego, San Jose and Eureka will be deemed to have elected direct payment if they become Participating Subdivisions.



- e) The State will receive the Local Allocation share of any payment to the Settlement Fund that is attributable to a county or city that is eligible to become a CA Participating Subdivision, but that has not, as of the date of that payment to the Settlement Fund, become a Participating Subdivision.
- f) Funds received by a CA Participating Subdivision, and not expended or encumbered within five years of receipt and in accordance with the Amneal Settlement Agreement and this CA Amneal Allocation Agreement shall be transferred to the State; provided however, that CA Participating Subdivisions have seven years to expend or encumber CA Abatement Accounts Funds designated to support capital outlay projects before they must be transferred to the State..

**ii. Use of CA Abatement Accounts Funds**

- a) The CA Abatement Accounts Funds will be used for future Opioid Remediation in one or more of the areas described in the List of Opioid Remediation Uses, which is Exhibit E to the Amneal Settlement Agreement.
- b) In addition to this requirement, no less than 50% of the funds received by a CA Participating Subdivision from the Abatement Accounts Fund in each calendar year will be used for one or more of the following High Impact Abatement Activities:
  - (1) the provision of matching funds or operating costs for substance use disorder facilities within the Behavioral Health Continuum Infrastructure Program;
  - (2) creating new or expanded Substance Use Disorder (“SUD”) treatment infrastructure;
  - (3) addressing the needs of communities of color and vulnerable populations (including sheltered and unsheltered homeless populations) that are disproportionately impacted by SUD;
  - (4) diversion of people with SUD from the justice system into treatment, including by providing training and resources to first and early responders (sworn and non-sworn) and implementing best practices for outreach, diversion and deflection, employability, restorative justice, and harm reduction;
  - (5) interventions to prevent drug addiction in vulnerable youth, including but not limited to, youth in foster care, juvenile justice-impacted youth, youth experiencing adversities related to socioeconomic status, and unhoused youth; and/or
  - (6) the purchase of naloxone for distribution and efforts to expand access to naloxone for opioid overdose reversals.
- c) The California Department of Health Care Services (“DHCS”) may add to this list (but not delete from it) by designating additional High Impact Abatement Activities. DHCS



will make reasonable efforts to consult with stakeholders, including the CA Participating Subdivisions, before adding additional High Impact Abatement Activities to this list.

- d) For the avoidance of doubt, and subject to the requirements of the Amneal Settlement Agreement and applicable law, CA Participating Subdivisions may form agreements or ventures, or otherwise work in collaboration with, federal, state, local, tribal or private sector entities in pursuing Opioid Remediation activities funded from the CA Abatement Accounts Fund. Further, provided that all CA Abatement Accounts Funds are used for Opioid Remediation consistent with the Amneal Settlement Agreement and this CA Amneal Allocation Agreement, a county and any cities or towns within the county may agree to reallocate their respective shares of the CA Abatement Accounts Funds among themselves, provided that any direct distribution may only be to a CA Participating Subdivision and any CA Participating Subdivision must agree to their share being reallocated.

**iii. CA Abatement Accounts Fund Oversight**

- a) Pursuant to Section 5 below, CA Participating Subdivisions receiving settlement funds must prepare and file reports annually regarding the use of those funds. DHCS may regularly review the reports prepared by CA Participating Subdivisions about the use of CA Abatement Accounts Funds for compliance with the Amneal Settlement Agreement and this CA Amneal Allocation Agreement.
- b) If DHCS determines that a CA Participating Subdivision's use of CA Abatement Accounts Funds is inconsistent with the Amneal Settlement Agreement or this CA Amneal Allocation Agreement, whether through review of reports or information from any other sources, DHCS shall send a request to meet and confer with the CA Participating Subdivision. The parties shall meet and confer in an effort to resolve the concern.
- c) If the parties are unable to reach a resolution, DHCS may conduct an audit of the Subdivision's use of the CA Abatement Accounts Funds within one year of the request to meet and confer, unless the parties mutually agree in writing to extend the meet and confer time frame.
- d) If the concern still cannot be resolved, the State may bring a motion or action in the court where the State has filed its Consent Judgment to resolve the concern or otherwise enforce the requirements of the Amneal Settlement Agreement or this CA Amneal Allocation Agreement. However, in no case shall any audit be conducted, or motion be brought, as to a specific expenditure of funds, more than five years after the date on which the expenditure of the funds was reported to DHCS, in accordance with this agreement.



- e) Notwithstanding the foregoing, this Agreement does not limit the statutory or constitutional authority of any state or local agency or official to conduct audits, investigations, or other oversight activities, or to pursue administrative, civil, or criminal enforcement actions.

**C. CA Subdivision Fund**

- i. Fifteen percent of the total Settlement Fund payments will be allocated to the CA Subdivision Fund. All funds in the CA Subdivision Fund will be allocated among the Plaintiff Subdivisions that are Initial Participating Subdivisions. The funds will be used, subject to any limits imposed by the Amneal Settlement Agreement and this CA Amneal Allocation Agreement, to fund future Opioid Remediation and reimburse past opioid-related expenses, which may include fees and expenses related to litigation

However, in no event shall more than one third (5% out of the 15%) of CA Subdivision Funds be used for litigation-related fees and expenses.

**D. Provision for State Back-Stop Agreement**

On August 6, 2021, Judge Dan Polster of the U.S. District Court, Northern District of Ohio, Eastern Division, issued an order (ECF Docket Number 3814) (“MDL Fees Order”) in the National Prescription Opiate Litigation (MDL No. 2804) “cap[ping] all applicable contingent fee agreements at 15%.” Private counsel representing Plaintiff Subdivisions should seek its contingency fees and costs from the Attorney Fee Fund or Cost Funds under the settlement agreements with other Opioid Defendants.

A Plaintiff Subdivision may separately agree to use up to one-third (5% out of the 15%) of its share of the CA Subdivision Fund to pay for fees or costs incurred by its contingency-fee counsel (“State Back-Stop Agreement”), pursuant to Exhibit R, section I(X), of the Amneal Settlement Agreement and the MDL Fees Order, provided that: (1) such payments, together with any payments to contingency-fee counsel from the Private Attorneys Fee amount related to such Plaintiff Subdivision, do not exceed 15% of a Plaintiff Subdivision’s total gross recovery under this Amneal Settlement Agreement; and (2) the Plaintiff Subdivision certifies that any payments made under a State Back-Stop agreement will be made in accordance with the 95% Opioid Abatement use requirements under Section VI.B.1 of the Amneal Settlement Agreement. Before seeking fees or litigation costs and expenses from a State Back-Stop Agreement, private counsel representing Plaintiff Subdivisions must first seek contingency fees and costs from the Attorney Fee Fund or Cost Funds created under the Amneal Settlement Agreement. Further, private counsel may only seek reimbursement for litigation fees and costs that have not previously been reimbursed through prior settlements or judgments.

To effectuate a State Back-Stop Agreement pursuant to this section, an agreement in the form of Appendix 2 may be entered into by a Plaintiff Subdivision, private counsel, and the California Office of the Attorney General. The California Office of the Attorney General shall, upon the request of a Plaintiff Subdivision, execute any agreement executed by a Plaintiff Subdivision and its private counsel if it is in the form of Appendix 2. The California Office of the Attorney



General will also consider requests from Plaintiff Subdivisions to execute and enter into agreements presented in other forms.

For the avoidance of doubt, this agreement does not require a Plaintiff Subdivision to request or enter into a State Back-Stop Agreement, and no State Back-Stop Agreement shall impose any duty or obligation on the State of California or any of its agencies or officers, including without limitation the Attorney General.

## **5. State and Subdivision Reporting**

- a) DHCS will prepare an annual written report regarding the State's use of funds from the settlement until those funds are fully expended and for one year thereafter. These reports will be made publicly available on the DHCS web site.
- b) Each CA Participating Subdivision that receives payments of funds from the settlement will prepare written reports at least annually regarding the use of those funds, until those funds are fully expended and for one year thereafter. These reports will also include a certification that all funds that the CA Participating Subdivision has received through the settlement have been used in compliance with the Amneal Settlement Agreement and this CA Amneal Allocation Agreement. The report will be in a form reasonably determined by DHCS. Prior to specifying the form of the report DHCS will confer with representatives of the Plaintiff Subdivisions.
- c) The State and all CA Participating Subdivisions receiving CA Abatement Accounts Funds will track all deposits and expenditures. Each such subdivision is responsible solely for the CA Abatement Accounts Funds it receives. A county is not responsible for oversight, reporting, or monitoring of CA Abatement Accounts Funds received by a city within that county that receives direct payment. Unless otherwise exempt, Subdivisions' expenditures and uses of CA Abatement Accounts Funds and other Settlement Funds will be subject to the normal budgetary and expenditure process of the Subdivision.
- d) Each Plaintiff Subdivision receiving CA Subdivision Funds will track all deposits and expenditures, as required by the Amneal Settlement Agreement and this CA Amneal Allocation Agreement. Among other things, Plaintiff Subdivisions using monies from the CA Subdivision Fund for purposes that do not qualify as Opioid Remediation must identify and include in their annual report, the amount and how such funds were used, including if used to pay attorneys' fees, investigation costs, or litigation costs. Pursuant to Section V(B)(2) of the Amneal Settlement Agreement, such information must also be reported to the Settlement Fund Administrator and Amneal.
- e) In each year in which DHCS prepares an annual report DHCS will also host a meeting to discuss the annual report and the Opioid Remediation activities being carried out by the State and Participating Subdivisions.

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**6. Miscellaneous**

- a) The State or any CA Participating Subdivision may bring a motion or action in the court where the State has filed its Consent Judgment to enforce the requirements of this CA Amneal Allocation Agreement. Before filing such a motion or action the State will meet and confer with any CA Participating Subdivision that is the subject of the anticipated motion or action, and vice versa.
- b) Except as provided in the Amneal Settlement Agreement, this CA Amneal Allocation Agreement is not enforceable by any party other than the State and the CA Participating Subdivisions. It does not confer any rights or remedies upon, and shall not be enforceable by, any third party.
- c) Except as provided in the CA Amneal Allocation Agreement, if any provision of this agreement or the application thereof to any person, entity, or circumstance shall, to any extent, be invalid or unenforceable, the remainder of this agreement, or the application of such provision to persons, entities, or circumstances other than those as to which it is invalid or unenforceable, will not be affected thereby, and each other provision of this agreement will be valid and enforceable to the fullest extent permitted by law.
- d) Except as provided in the Amneal Settlement Agreement, this agreement shall be governed by and interpreted in accordance with the laws of California.



The undersigned, Lompoc city, CA, ACKNOWLEDGES acceptance of this Proposed California State-Subdivision Agreement Regarding Distribution and Use of Settlement Funds – Amneal Settlement is a requirement to be an Initial Participating Subdivision in the Amneal Settlement and ACCEPTS this Proposed California State-Subdivision Agreement Regarding Distribution and Use of Settlement Funds – Amneal Settlement.

Signature:

Name:

Title:

Date:



**Proposed California State-Subdivision Agreement  
Regarding Distribution and Use of  
Settlement Funds – Apotex Settlement**

**1. Introduction**

Pursuant to the Apotex Settlement Agreement, dated as of April 4, 2025, and any revision thereto (the “Apotex Settlement Agreement”), including Section VI and Exhibit O, the State of California proposes this agreement (the “CA Apotex Allocation Agreement”) to govern the allocation, distribution, and use of Settlement Fund payments made to California pursuant to Sections V and VI of the Apotex Settlement Agreement. For the avoidance of doubt, this agreement does not apply to payments made pursuant to Section X of the Apotex Settlement Agreement.

Pursuant to Exhibit O, Paragraph 4, of the Apotex Settlement Agreement, acceptance of this CA Apotex Allocation Agreement is a requirement to be an Initial Participating Subdivision.

**2. Definitions**

- a) *CA Participating Subdivision* means a Participating Subdivision that is also (a) a Plaintiff Subdivision and/or (b) a Primary Subdivision with a population equal to or greater than 10,000. For the avoidance of doubt, eligible CA Participating Subdivisions are those California subdivisions listed in Exhibit C (excluding Litigating Special Districts) and/or Exhibit I to the Apotex Settlement Agreement.
- b) *CA Litigating Special District* means a Litigating Special District located in California.
- c) *Plaintiff Subdivision* means a Subdivision located in California, other than a CA Litigating Special District, that filed a lawsuit, on behalf of the Subdivision and/or through an official of the Subdivision on behalf of the People of the State of California, against one or more Opioid Defendants prior to October 1, 2020.
- d) *Opioid Defendant* means any defendant including but not limited to Alvogen, Inc. Amneal Pharmaceuticals LLC; Apotex Corp., Hikma Pharmaceuticals USA Inc. f/k/a West-Ward Pharmaceuticals Corp.; Indivior Inc.; Viatris Inc. (“Mylan”); Sun Pharmaceutical Industries, Inc.; Zydus Pharmaceuticals (USA) Inc.; Kroger Co., Teva Pharmaceutical Industries Ltd., Allergan Finance, LLC, Allergan Limited, CVS Health Corporation, CVS Pharmacy, Inc., Walgreen Co., Walmart Inc., Johnson & Johnson, Janssen Pharmaceuticals, Inc., Purdue Pharma L.P., Cardinal Health, Inc., Cencora, Inc. f/k/a AmerisourceBergen Corporation, McKesson Corporation, Dr. Richard S. Sackler, Beverly Sackler, Jonathan Sackler, David Sackler, Marianna Sackler, Theresa Sackler, Ilene Sackler Lefcourt, Dr. Kathe Sackler, and Mortimer D.A. Sackler) named in a lawsuit seeking damages, abatement, or other remedies related to or caused by the opioid public health crisis in any lawsuit brought by any state or local government on or before October 1, 2020.



### **3. General Terms**

This agreement is subject to the requirements of the Apotex Settlement Agreement, as well as applicable law, and the Apotex Settlement Agreement governs over any inconsistent provision of this CA Apotex Allocation Agreement. Terms used in this CA Apotex Allocation Agreement have the same meaning as in the Apotex Settlement Agreement unless otherwise defined herein.

Pursuant to Section VI(D)(1) of the Apotex Settlement Agreement, (a) all Settlement Fund payments will be used for Opioid Remediation, except as allowed by Section VI(B)(2) of the Apotex Settlement Agreement; and (b) at least seventy percent (70%) of Settlement Fund payment amounts will be used solely for future Opioid Remediation.

This Agreement does not apply to funds received by California<sup>1</sup> pursuant to Section X of the Apotex Settlement Agreement, including payments for Private Attorney Fees and the Additional Remediation Amount.

### **4. State Allocation**

The Settlement Fund payments to California, pursuant to the Apotex Settlement Agreement, shall be allocated as follows: 15% to the State Fund; 70% to the Abatement Accounts Fund; and 15% to the Subdivision Fund. For the avoidance of doubt, all funds allocated to California from the Settlement Fund shall be combined pursuant to this CA Apotex Allocation Agreement, and 15% of that total shall be allocated to the State of California (the “State of California Allocation”), 70% to the California Abatement Accounts Fund (“CA Abatement Accounts Fund”), and 15% to the California Subdivision Fund (“CA Subdivision Fund”).

#### **A. State of California Allocation**

Fifteen percent of the total Settlement Fund payments will be allocated to the State and used by the State for future Opioid Remediation.

#### **B. CA Abatement Accounts Fund**

##### **i. Allocation of CA Abatement Accounts Funds**

- a) Seventy percent of the total Settlement Fund payments will be allocated to the CA Abatement Accounts Fund. The funds in the CA Abatement Accounts Fund will be allocated based on the allocation model developed in connection with the proposed negotiating class in the National Prescription Opiate Litigation (MDL No. 2804), as adjusted to reflect only those cities and counties that are eligible, based on population or litigation status, to become a CA Participating Subdivision. The percentage from the CA

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<sup>1</sup> For purposes of clarity, use of the term “California” refers to the geographic territory of California and the state and its local governments therein. The term “State” or “State of California” refers to the State of California as a governmental unit.



Abatement Accounts Fund allocated to each CA Participating Subdivision is set forth in Appendix 1 in the column entitled abatement percentage (the “Local Allocation”). For the avoidance of doubt, CA Litigating Special Districts and California towns, cities, and counties with a population less than 10,000 are not eligible to receive an allocation of CA Abatement Accounts Funds.

- b) A CA Participating Subdivision that is a county, or a city and county, will be allocated its Local Allocation share as of the date on which it becomes a Participating Subdivision, and will receive payments as provided in the Apotex Settlement Agreement.
- c) A CA Participating Subdivision that is a city will be allocated its Local Allocation share as of the date on which it becomes a Participating Subdivision. The Local Allocation share for a city that is a CA Participating Subdivision will be paid to the county in which the city is located, rather than to the city, so long as the county is a CA Participating Subdivision; provided, however, that if a city currently receives direct payment of its share of funds in the National Opioids Settlement with Distributors Cencora, Inc. (f/k/a AmerisourceBergen Corporation), Cardinal Health, Inc., and McKesson Corporation (the “Distributors Settlement”), that city’s Local Allocation amount will be paid directly to the city. If a city later changes or has already changed its distribution election in the Distributors Settlement, that change in election will apply here, provided that the change in election is received by the settlement administrator at least 60 days prior to a Payment Date. A Local Allocation share allocated to a city but paid to a county is not required to be spent exclusively for abatement activities in that city, but will become part of the county’s share of the CA Abatement Accounts Funds, which will be used in accordance with Section 4.B.ii (Use of CA Abatement Accounts Funds) and reported on in accordance with Section 4.B.iii (CA Abatement Accounts Fund Oversight).
- d) A city within a county that is a CA Participating Subdivision may opt in or out of direct payment at any time, and it may also elect direct payment of only a portion of its share, with the remainder going to the county, by providing notice to the Settlement Fund Administrator at least 60 days prior to a Payment Date. For purposes of this CA Apotex Allocation Agreement, the Cities of Los Angeles, Oakland, San Diego, San Jose and Eureka will be deemed to have elected direct payment if they become Participating Subdivisions.
- e) The State will receive the Local Allocation share of any payment to the Settlement Fund that is attributable to a county or city that is eligible to become a CA Participating Subdivision, but that has not, as of the date of that payment to the Settlement Fund, become a Participating Subdivision.
- f) Funds received by a CA Participating Subdivision, and not expended or encumbered within five years of receipt and in accordance with the Apotex Settlement Agreement and this CA Apotex Allocation Agreement shall be transferred to the State; provided however, that CA Participating Subdivisions have seven years to expend or encumber CA Abatement Accounts Funds designated to support capital outlay projects before they must be transferred to the State.



**ii. Use of CA Abatement Accounts Funds**

- a) The CA Abatement Accounts Funds will be used for future Opioid Remediation in one or more of the areas described in the List of Opioid Remediation Uses, which is Exhibit E to the Apotex Settlement Agreement.
- b) In addition to this requirement, no less than 50% of the funds received by a CA Participating Subdivision from the Abatement Accounts Fund in each calendar year will be used for one or more of the following High Impact Abatement Activities:
  - (1) the provision of matching funds or operating costs for substance use disorder facilities within the Behavioral Health Continuum Infrastructure Program;
  - (2) creating new or expanded Substance Use Disorder (“SUD”) treatment infrastructure;
  - (3) addressing the needs of communities of color and vulnerable populations (including sheltered and unsheltered homeless populations) that are disproportionately impacted by SUD;
  - (4) diversion of people with SUD from the justice system into treatment, including by providing training and resources to first and early responders (sworn and non-sworn) and implementing best practices for outreach, diversion and deflection, employability, restorative justice, and harm reduction;
  - (5) interventions to prevent drug addiction in vulnerable youth, including but not limited to, youth in foster care, juvenile justice-impacted youth, youth experiencing adversities related to socioeconomic status, and unhoused youth; and/or
  - (6) the purchase of naloxone for distribution and efforts to expand access to naloxone for opioid overdose reversals.
- c) The California Department of Health Care Services (“DHCS”) may add to this list (but not delete from it) by designating additional High Impact Abatement Activities. DHCS will make reasonable efforts to consult with stakeholders, including the CA Participating Subdivisions, before adding additional High Impact Abatement Activities to this list.
- d) For the avoidance of doubt, and subject to the requirements of the Apotex Settlement Agreement and applicable law, CA Participating Subdivisions may form agreements or ventures, or otherwise work in collaboration with, federal, state, local, tribal or private sector entities in pursuing Opioid Remediation activities funded from the CA Abatement Accounts Fund. Further, provided that all CA Abatement Accounts Funds are used for Opioid Remediation consistent with the Apotex Settlement Agreement and this CA Apotex Allocation Agreement, a county and any cities or towns within the county may agree to reallocate their respective shares of the CA Abatement Accounts Funds among themselves, provided that any direct distribution may only be to a CA Participating



Subdivision and any CA Participating Subdivision must agree to their share being reallocated.

**iii. CA Abatement Accounts Fund Oversight**

- a) Pursuant to Section 5 below, CA Participating Subdivisions receiving settlement funds must prepare and file reports annually regarding the use of those funds. DHCS may regularly review the reports prepared by CA Participating Subdivisions about the use of CA Abatement Accounts Funds for compliance with the Apotex Settlement Agreement and this CA Apotex Allocation Agreement.
- b) If DHCS determines that a CA Participating Subdivision's use of CA Abatement Accounts Funds is inconsistent with the Apotex Settlement Agreement or this CA Apotex Allocation Agreement, whether through review of reports or information from any other sources, DHCS shall send a request to meet and confer with the CA Participating Subdivision. The parties shall meet and confer in an effort to resolve the concern.
- c) If the parties are unable to reach a resolution, DHCS may conduct an audit of the Subdivision's use of the CA Abatement Accounts Funds within one year of the request to meet and confer, unless the parties mutually agree in writing to extend the meet and confer time frame.
- d) If the concern still cannot be resolved, the State may bring a motion or action in the court where the State has filed its Consent Judgment to resolve the concern or otherwise enforce the requirements of the Apotex Settlement Agreement or this CA Apotex Allocation Agreement. However, in no case shall any audit be conducted, or motion be brought, as to a specific expenditure of funds, more than five years after the date on which the expenditure of the funds was reported to DHCS, in accordance with this agreement.
- e) Notwithstanding the foregoing, this Agreement does not limit the statutory or constitutional authority of any state or local agency or official to conduct audits, investigations, or other oversight activities, or to pursue administrative, civil, or criminal enforcement actions.

**C. CA Subdivision Fund**

- i. Fifteen percent of the total Settlement Fund payments will be allocated to the CA Subdivision Fund. All funds in the CA Subdivision Fund will be allocated among the Plaintiff Subdivisions that are Initial Participating Subdivisions. The funds will be used, subject to any limits imposed by the Apotex Settlement Agreement and this CA Apotex Allocation Agreement, to fund future Opioid Remediation and reimburse past opioid-related expenses, which may include fees and expenses related to litigation.



However, in no event shall more than one third (5% out of the 15%) of CA Subdivision Funds be used for litigation-related fees and expenses.

**D. Provision for State Back-Stop Agreement**

On August 6, 2021, Judge Dan Polster of the U.S. District Court, Northern District of Ohio, Eastern Division, issued an order (ECF Docket Number 3814) (“MDL Fees Order”) in the National Prescription Opiate Litigation (MDL No. 2804) “cap[ping] all applicable contingent fee agreements at 15%.” Private counsel representing Plaintiff Subdivisions should seek its contingency fees and costs from the Attorney Fee Fund or Cost Funds under the settlement agreements with other Opioid Defendants.

A Plaintiff Subdivision may separately agree to use up to one-third (5% out of the 15%) of its share of the CA Subdivision Fund to pay for fees or costs incurred by its contingency-fee counsel (“State Back-Stop Agreement”), pursuant to Exhibit R, section I(X), of the Apotex Settlement Agreement and the MDL Fees Order, provided that: (1) such payments, together with any payments to contingency-fee counsel from the Private Attorneys Fee amount related to such Plaintiff Subdivision, do not exceed 15% of a Plaintiff Subdivision’s total gross recovery under this Apotex Settlement Agreement; and (2) the Plaintiff Subdivision certifies that any payments made under a State Back-Stop agreement will be made in accordance with the 95% Opioid Abatement use requirements under Section VI.B.1 of the Apotex Settlement Agreement. Before seeking fees or litigation costs and expenses from a State Back-Stop Agreement, private counsel representing Plaintiff Subdivisions must first seek contingency fees and costs from the Attorney Fee Fund or Cost Funds created under the Apotex Settlement Agreement. Further, private counsel may only seek reimbursement for litigation fees and costs that have not previously been reimbursed through prior settlements or judgments.

To effectuate a State Back-Stop Agreement pursuant to this section, an agreement in the form of Appendix 2 may be entered into by a Plaintiff Subdivision, private counsel, and the California Office of the Attorney General. The California Office of the Attorney General shall, upon the request of a Plaintiff Subdivision, execute any agreement executed by a Plaintiff Subdivision and its private counsel if it is in the form of Appendix 2. The California Office of the Attorney General will also consider requests from Plaintiff Subdivisions to execute and enter into agreements presented in other forms.

For the avoidance of doubt, this agreement does not require a Plaintiff Subdivision to request or enter into a State Back-Stop Agreement, and no State Back-Stop Agreement shall impose any duty or obligation on the State of California or any of its agencies or officers, including without limitation the Attorney General.

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## **5. State and Subdivision Reporting**

- a) DHCS will prepare an annual written report regarding the State's use of funds from the settlement until those funds are fully expended and for one year thereafter. These reports will be made publicly available on the DHCS web site.
- b) Each CA Participating Subdivision that receives payments of funds from the settlement will prepare written reports at least annually regarding the use of those funds, until those funds are fully expended and for one year thereafter. These reports will also include a certification that all funds that the CA Participating Subdivision has received through the settlement have been used in compliance with the Apotex Settlement Agreement and this CA Apotex Allocation Agreement. The report will be in a form reasonably determined by DHCS. Prior to specifying the form of the report DHCS will confer with representatives of the Plaintiff Subdivisions.
- c) The State and all CA Participating Subdivisions receiving CA Abatement Accounts Funds will track all deposits and expenditures. Each such subdivision is responsible solely for the CA Abatement Accounts Funds it receives. A county is not responsible for oversight, reporting, or monitoring of CA Abatement Accounts Funds received by a city within that county that receives direct payment. Unless otherwise exempt, Subdivisions' expenditures and uses of CA Abatement Accounts Funds and other Settlement Funds will be subject to the normal budgetary and expenditure process of the Subdivision.
- d) Each Plaintiff Subdivision receiving CA Subdivision Funds will track all deposits and expenditures, as required by the Apotex Settlement Agreement and this CA Apotex Allocation Agreement. Among other things, Plaintiff Subdivisions using monies from the CA Subdivision Fund for purposes that do not qualify as Opioid Remediation must identify and include in their annual report, the amount and how such funds were used, including if used to pay attorneys' fees, investigation costs, or litigation costs. Pursuant to Section VI(B)(2) of the Apotex Settlement Agreement, such information must also be reported to the Settlement Fund Administrator and Apotex.
- e) In each year in which DHCS prepares an annual report DHCS will also host a meeting to discuss the annual report and the Opioid Remediation activities being carried out by the State and Participating Subdivisions.

## **6. Miscellaneous**

- a) The State or any CA Participating Subdivision may bring a motion or action in the court where the State has filed its Consent Judgment to enforce the requirements of this CA Apotex Allocation Agreement. Before filing such a motion or action the State will meet and confer with any CA Participating Subdivision that is the subject of the anticipated motion or action, and vice versa.
- b) Except as provided in the Apotex Settlement Agreement, this CA Apotex Allocation Agreement is not enforceable by any party other than the State and the CA Participating



Subdivisions. It does not confer any rights or remedies upon, and shall not be enforceable by, any third party.

- c) Except as provided in the CA Apotex Allocation Agreement, if any provision of this agreement or the application thereof to any person, entity, or circumstance shall, to any extent, be invalid or unenforceable, the remainder of this agreement, or the application of such provision to persons, entities, or circumstances other than those as to which it is invalid or unenforceable, will not be affected thereby, and each other provision of this agreement will be valid and enforceable to the fullest extent permitted by law.
- d) Except as provided in the Apotex Settlement Agreement, this agreement shall be governed by and interpreted in accordance with the laws of California.



The undersigned, Lompoc city, CA, ACKNOWLEDGES acceptance of this Proposed California State-Subdivision Agreement Regarding Distribution and Use of Settlement Funds – Apotex Settlement is a requirement to be an Initial Participating Subdivision in the Apotex Settlement and ACCEPTS this Proposed California State-Subdivision Agreement Regarding Distribution and Use of Settlement Funds – Apotex Settlement.

Signature: \_\_\_\_\_

Name: \_\_\_\_\_

Title: \_\_\_\_\_

Date: \_\_\_\_\_



**Proposed California State-Subdivision Agreement  
Regarding Distribution and Use of  
Settlement Funds – Hikma Settlement**

**1. Introduction**

Pursuant to the Hikma Settlement Agreement, dated as of April 4, 2025, and any revision thereto (the “Hikma Settlement Agreement”), including Section VI and Exhibit O, the State of California proposes this agreement (the “CA Hikma Allocation Agreement”) to govern the allocation, distribution, and use of Settlement Fund payments made to California pursuant to Sections V and VI of the Hikma Settlement Agreement. For the avoidance of doubt, this agreement does not apply to payments made pursuant to Sections X or XV of the Hikma Settlement Agreement.

Pursuant to Exhibit O, Paragraph 4, of the Hikma Settlement Agreement, acceptance of this CA Hikma Allocation Agreement is a requirement to be an Initial Participating Subdivision.

**2. Definitions**

- a) *CA Participating Subdivision* means a Participating Subdivision that is also (a) a Plaintiff Subdivision and/or (b) a Primary Subdivision with a population equal to or greater than 10,000. For the avoidance of doubt, eligible CA Participating Subdivisions are those California subdivisions listed in Exhibit C (excluding Litigating Special Districts) and/or Exhibit I to the Hikma Settlement Agreement.
- b) *CA Litigating Special District* means a Litigating Special District located in California.
- c) *Plaintiff Subdivision* means a Subdivision located in California, other than a CA Litigating Special District, that filed a lawsuit, on behalf of the Subdivision and/or through an official of the Subdivision on behalf of the People of the State of California, against one or more Opioid Defendants prior to October 1, 2020.
- d) *Opioid Defendant* means any defendant including but not limited to Alvogen, Inc. Amneal Pharmaceuticals LLC; Apotex Corp., Hikma Pharmaceuticals USA Inc. f/k/a West-Ward Pharmaceuticals Corp.; Indivior Inc.; Viatris Inc. (“Mylan”); Sun Pharmaceutical Industries, Inc.; Zydus Pharmaceuticals (USA) Inc.; Kroger Co., Teva Pharmaceutical Industries Ltd., Allergan Finance, LLC, Allergan Limited, CVS Health Corporation, CVS Pharmacy, Inc., Walgreen Co., Walmart Inc., Johnson & Johnson, Janssen Pharmaceuticals, Inc., Purdue Pharma L.P., Cardinal Health, Inc., Cencora, Inc. f/k/a AmerisourceBergen Corporation, McKesson Corporation, Dr. Richard S. Sackler, Beverly Sackler, Jonathan Sackler, David Sackler, Marianna Sackler, Theresa Sackler, Ilene Sackler Lefcourt, Dr. Kathe Sackler, and Mortimer D.A. Sackler) named in a lawsuit seeking damages, abatement, or other remedies related to or caused by the opioid public health crisis in any lawsuit brought by any state or local government on or before October 1, 2020.



### **3. General Terms**

This agreement is subject to the requirements of the Hikma Settlement Agreement, as well as applicable law, and the Hikma Settlement Agreement governs over any inconsistent provision of this CA Hikma Allocation Agreement. Terms used in this CA Hikma Allocation Agreement have the same meaning as in the Hikma Settlement Agreement unless otherwise defined herein.

Pursuant to Section VI(D)(1) of the Hikma Settlement Agreement, (a) all Settlement Fund payments will be used for Opioid Remediation, except as allowed by Section VI(B)(2) of the Hikma Settlement Agreement; and (b) at least seventy percent (70%) of Settlement Fund payment amounts will be used solely for future Opioid Remediation.

This Agreement does not apply to funds received by California<sup>1</sup> pursuant to Sections X or XV of the Hikma Settlement Agreement, including payments for Private Attorney Fees, the Additional Remediation Amount, and the Settlement Product Cash Conversion Amount.<sup>2</sup>

### **4. State Allocation**

The Settlement Fund payments to California, pursuant to the Hikma Settlement Agreement, shall be allocated as follows: 15% to the State Fund; 70% to the Abatement Accounts Fund; and 15% to the Subdivision Fund. For the avoidance of doubt, all funds allocated to California from the Settlement Fund shall be combined pursuant to this CA Hikma Allocation Agreement, and 15% of that total shall be allocated to the State of California (the “State of California Allocation”), 70% to the California Abatement Accounts Fund (“CA Abatement Accounts Fund”), and 15% to the California Subdivision Fund (“CA Subdivision Fund”).

#### **A. State of California Allocation**

Fifteen percent of the total Settlement Fund payments will be allocated to the State and used by the State for future Opioid Remediation.

#### **B. CA Abatement Accounts Fund**

##### **i. Allocation of CA Abatement Accounts Funds**

- a) Seventy percent of the total Settlement Fund payments will be allocated to the CA Abatement Accounts Fund. The funds in the CA Abatement Accounts Fund will be allocated based on the allocation model developed in connection with the proposed

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<sup>1</sup> For purposes of clarity, use of the term “California” refers to the geographic territory of California and the state and its local governments therein. The term “State” or “State of California” refers to the State of California as a governmental unit.

<sup>2</sup>All Settlement Product Cash Conversion Amounts paid to California pursuant to Section XV of the Hikma Settlement Agreement shall be allocated to the State and used by the State for future Opioid Remediation.



negotiating class in the National Prescription Opiate Litigation (MDL No. 2804), as adjusted to reflect only those cities and counties that are eligible, based on population or litigation status, to become a CA Participating Subdivision. The percentage from the CA Abatement Accounts Fund allocated to each CA Participating Subdivision is set forth in Appendix 1 in the column entitled abatement percentage (the “Local Allocation”). For the avoidance of doubt, CA Litigating Special Districts and California towns, cities, and counties with a population less than 10,000 are not eligible to receive an allocation of CA Abatement Accounts Funds.

- b) A CA Participating Subdivision that is a county, or a city and county, will be allocated its Local Allocation share as of the date on which it becomes a Participating Subdivision, and will receive payments as provided in the Hikma Settlement Agreement.
- c) A CA Participating Subdivision that is a city will be allocated its Local Allocation share as of the date on which it becomes a Participating Subdivision. The Local Allocation share for a city that is a CA Participating Subdivision will be paid to the county in which the city is located, rather than to the city, so long as the county is a CA Participating Subdivision; provided, however, that if a city currently receives direct payment of its share of funds in the National Opioids Settlement with Distributors Cencora, Inc. (f/k/a AmerisourceBergenCorporation), Cardinal Health, Inc., and McKesson Corporation (the “Distributors Settlement”), that city’s Local Allocation amount will be paid directly to the city. If a city later changes or has already changed its distribution election in the Distributors Settlement, that change in election will apply here, provided that the change in election is received by the settlement administrator at least 60 days prior to a Payment Date. A Local Allocation share allocated to a city but paid to a county is not required to be spent exclusively for abatement activities in that city, but will become part of the county’s share of the CA Abatement Accounts Funds, which will be used in accordance with Section 4.B.ii (Use of CA Abatement Accounts Funds) and reported on in accordance with Section 4.B.iii (CA Abatement Accounts Fund Oversight).
- d) A city within a county that is a CA Participating Subdivision may opt in or out of direct payment at any time, and it may also elect direct payment of only a portion of its share, with the remainder going to the county, by providing notice to the Settlement Fund Administrator at least 60 days prior to a Payment Date. For purposes of this CA Hikma Allocation Agreement, the Cities of Los Angeles, Oakland, San Diego, San Jose and Eureka will be deemed to have elected direct payment if they become Participating Subdivisions.
- e) The State will receive the Local Allocation share of any payment to the Settlement Fund that is attributable to a county or city that is eligible to become a CA Participating Subdivision, but that has not, as of the date of that payment to the Settlement Fund, become a Participating Subdivision.
- f) Funds received by a CA Participating Subdivision, and not expended or encumbered within five years of receipt and in accordance with the Hikma Settlement Agreement and this CA Hikma Allocation Agreement shall be transferred to the State; provided however,



that CA Participating Subdivisions have seven years to expend or encumber CA Abatement Accounts Funds designated to support capital outlay projects before they must be transferred to the State..

**ii. Use of CA Abatement Accounts Funds**

- a) The CA Abatement Accounts Funds will be used for future Opioid Remediation in one or more of the areas described in the List of Opioid Remediation Uses, which is Exhibit E to the Hikma Settlement Agreement.
- b) In addition to this requirement, no less than 50% of the funds received by a CA Participating Subdivision from the Abatement Accounts Fund in each calendar year will be used for one or more of the following High Impact Abatement Activities:
  - (1) the provision of matching funds or operating costs for substance use disorder facilities within the Behavioral Health Continuum Infrastructure Program;
  - (2) creating new or expanded Substance Use Disorder (“SUD”) treatment infrastructure;
  - (3) addressing the needs of communities of color and vulnerable populations (including sheltered and unsheltered homeless populations) that are disproportionately impacted by SUD;
  - (4) diversion of people with SUD from the justice system into treatment, including by providing training and resources to first and early responders (sworn and non-sworn) and implementing best practices for outreach, diversion and deflection, employability, restorative justice, and harm reduction;
  - (5) interventions to prevent drug addiction in vulnerable youth, including but not limited to, youth in foster care, juvenile justice-impacted youth, youth experiencing adversities related to socioeconomic status, and unhoused youth; and/or
  - (6) the purchase of naloxone for distribution and efforts to expand access to naloxone for opioid overdose reversals.
- c) The California Department of Health Care Services (“DHCS”) may add to this list (but not delete from it) by designating additional High Impact Abatement Activities. DHCS will make reasonable efforts to consult with stakeholders, including the CA Participating Subdivisions, before adding additional High Impact Abatement Activities to this list.
- d) For the avoidance of doubt, and subject to the requirements of the Hikma Settlement Agreement and applicable law, CA Participating Subdivisions may form agreements or ventures, or otherwise work in collaboration with, federal, state, local, tribal or private sector entities in pursuing Opioid Remediation activities funded from the CA Abatement Accounts Fund. Further, provided that all CA Abatement Accounts Funds are used for Opioid Remediation consistent with the Hikma Settlement Agreement and this CA



Hikma Allocation Agreement, a county and any cities or towns within the county may agree to reallocate their respective shares of the CA Abatement Accounts Funds among themselves, provided that any direct distribution may only be to a CA Participating Subdivision and any CA Participating Subdivision must agree to their share being reallocated.

**iii. CA Abatement Accounts Fund Oversight**

- a) Pursuant to Section 5 below, CA Participating Subdivisions receiving settlement funds must prepare and file reports annually regarding the use of those funds. DHCS may regularly review the reports prepared by CA Participating Subdivisions about the use of CA Abatement Accounts Funds for compliance with the Hikma Settlement Agreement and this CA Hikma Allocation Agreement.
- b) If DHCS determines that a CA Participating Subdivision's use of CA Abatement Accounts Funds is inconsistent with the Hikma Settlement Agreement or this CA Hikma Allocation Agreement, whether through review of reports or information from any other sources, DHCS shall send a request to meet and confer with the CA Participating Subdivision. The parties shall meet and confer in an effort to resolve the concern.
- c) If the parties are unable to reach a resolution, DHCS may conduct an audit of the Subdivision's use of the CA Abatement Accounts Funds within one year of the request to meet and confer, unless the parties mutually agree in writing to extend the meet and confer time frame.
- d) If the concern still cannot be resolved, the State may bring a motion or action in the court where the State has filed its Consent Judgment to resolve the concern or otherwise enforce the requirements of the Hikma Settlement Agreement or this CA Hikma Allocation Agreement. However, in no case shall any audit be conducted, or motion be brought, as to a specific expenditure of funds, more than five years after the date on which the expenditure of the funds was reported to DHCS, in accordance with this agreement.
- e) Notwithstanding the foregoing, this Agreement does not limit the statutory or constitutional authority of any state or local agency or official to conduct audits, investigations, or other oversight activities, or to pursue administrative, civil, or criminal enforcement actions.

**C. CA Subdivision Fund**

- i. Fifteen percent of the total Settlement Fund payments will be allocated to the CA Subdivision Fund. All funds in the CA Subdivision Fund will be allocated among the Plaintiff Subdivisions that are Initial Participating Subdivisions. The funds will be used, subject to any limits imposed by the Hikma Settlement Agreement and this CA Hikma



Allocation Agreement, to fund future Opioid Remediation and reimburse past opioid-related expenses, which may include fees and expenses related to litigation

However, in no event shall more than one third (5% out of the 15%) of CA Subdivision Funds be used for litigation-related fees and expenses.

**D. Provision for State Back-Stop Agreement**

On August 6, 2021, Judge Dan Polster of the U.S. District Court, Northern District of Ohio, Eastern Division, issued an order (ECF Docket Number 3814) (“MDL Fees Order”) in the National Prescription Opiate Litigation (MDL No. 2804) “cap[ping] all applicable contingent fee agreements at 15%.” Private counsel representing Plaintiff Subdivisions should seek its contingency fees and costs from the Attorney Fee Fund or Cost Funds under the settlement agreements with other Opioid Defendants.

A Plaintiff Subdivision may separately agree to use up to one-third (5% out of the 15%) of its share of the CA Subdivision Fund to pay for fees or costs incurred by its contingency-fee counsel (“State Back-Stop Agreement”), pursuant to Exhibit R, section I(X), of the Hikma Settlement Agreement and the MDL Fees Order, provided that: (1) such payments, together with any payments to contingency-fee counsel from the Private Attorneys Fee amount related to such Plaintiff Subdivision, do not exceed 15% of a Plaintiff Subdivision’s total gross recovery under this Hikma Settlement Agreement; and (2) the Plaintiff Subdivision certifies that any payments made under a State Back-Stop agreement will be made in accordance with the 95% Opioid Abatement use requirements under Section VI.B.1 of the Hikma Settlement Agreement. Before seeking fees or litigation costs and expenses from a State Back-Stop Agreement, private counsel representing Plaintiff Subdivisions must first seek contingency fees and costs from the Attorney Fee Fund or Cost Funds created under the Hikma Settlement Agreement. Further, private counsel may only seek reimbursement for litigation fees and costs that have not previously been reimbursed through prior settlements or judgments.

To effectuate a State Back-Stop Agreement pursuant to this section, an agreement in the form of Appendix 2 may be entered into by a Plaintiff Subdivision, private counsel, and the California Office of the Attorney General. The California Office of the Attorney General shall, upon the request of a Plaintiff Subdivision, execute any agreement executed by a Plaintiff Subdivision and its private counsel if it is in the form of Appendix 2. The California Office of the Attorney General will also consider requests from Plaintiff Subdivisions to execute and enter into agreements presented in other forms.

For the avoidance of doubt, this agreement does not require a Plaintiff Subdivision to request or enter into a State Back-Stop Agreement, and no State Back-Stop Agreement shall impose any duty or obligation on the State of California or any of its agencies or officers, including without limitation the Attorney General.

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## **5. State and Subdivision Reporting**

- a) DHCS will prepare an annual written report regarding the State's use of funds from the settlement until those funds are fully expended and for one year thereafter. These reports will be made publicly available on the DHCS web site.
- b) Each CA Participating Subdivision that receives payments of funds from the settlement will prepare written reports at least annually regarding the use of those funds, until those funds are fully expended and for one year thereafter. These reports will also include a certification that all funds that the CA Participating Subdivision has received through the settlement have been used in compliance with the Hikma Settlement Agreement and this CA Hikma Allocation Agreement. The report will be in a form reasonably determined by DHCS. Prior to specifying the form of the report DHCS will confer with representatives of the Plaintiff Subdivisions.
- c) The State and all CA Participating Subdivisions receiving CA Abatement Accounts Funds will track all deposits and expenditures. Each such subdivision is responsible solely for the CA Abatement Accounts Funds it receives. A county is not responsible for oversight, reporting, or monitoring of CA Abatement Accounts Funds received by a city within that county that receives direct payment. Unless otherwise exempt, Subdivisions' expenditures and uses of CA Abatement Accounts Funds and other Settlement Funds will be subject to the normal budgetary and expenditure process of the Subdivision.
- d) Each Plaintiff Subdivision receiving CA Subdivision Funds will track all deposits and expenditures, as required by the Hikma Settlement Agreement and this CA Hikma Allocation Agreement. Among other things, Plaintiff Subdivisions using monies from the CA Subdivision Fund for purposes that do not qualify as Opioid Remediation must identify and include in their annual report, the amount and how such funds were used, including if used to pay attorneys' fees, investigation costs, or litigation costs. Pursuant to Section V(B)(2) of the Hikma Settlement Agreement, such information must also be reported to the Settlement Fund Administrator and Hikma.
- e) In each year in which DHCS prepares an annual report DHCS will also host a meeting to discuss the annual report and the Opioid Remediation activities being carried out by the State and Participating Subdivisions.

## **6. Miscellaneous**

- a) The State or any CA Participating Subdivision may bring a motion or action in the court where the State has filed its Consent Judgment to enforce the requirements of this CA Hikma Allocation Agreement. Before filing such a motion or action the State will meet and confer with any CA Participating Subdivision that is the subject of the anticipated motion or action, and vice versa.
- b) Except as provided in the Hikma Settlement Agreement, this CA Hikma Allocation Agreement is not enforceable by any party other than the State and the CA Participating



Subdivisions. It does not confer any rights or remedies upon, and shall not be enforceable by, any third party.

- c) Except as provided in the CA Hikma Allocation Agreement, if any provision of this agreement or the application thereof to any person, entity, or circumstance shall, to any extent, be invalid or unenforceable, the remainder of this agreement, or the application of such provision to persons, entities, or circumstances other than those as to which it is invalid or unenforceable, will not be affected thereby, and each other provision of this agreement will be valid and enforceable to the fullest extent permitted by law.
- d) Except as provided in the Hikma Settlement Agreement, this agreement shall be governed by and interpreted in accordance with the laws of California.



The undersigned, Lompoc city, CA, ACKNOWLEDGES acceptance of this Proposed California State-Subdivision Agreement Regarding Distribution and Use of Settlement Funds – Hikma Settlement is a requirement to be an Initial Participating Subdivision in the Hikma Settlement and ACCEPTS this Proposed California State-Subdivision Agreement Regarding Distribution and Use of Settlement Funds – Hikma Settlement.

Signature: \_\_\_\_\_

Name: \_\_\_\_\_

Title: \_\_\_\_\_

Date: \_\_\_\_\_



**Proposed California State-Subdivision Agreement  
Regarding Distribution and Use of  
Settlement Funds – Indivior Settlement**

**1. Introduction**

Pursuant to the Indivior Settlement Agreement, dated as of April 4, 2025, and any revision thereto (the “Indivior Settlement Agreement”), including Section V and Exhibit O, the State of California proposes this agreement (the “CA Indivior Allocation Agreement”) to govern the allocation, distribution, and use of Settlement Fund payments made to California pursuant to Sections IV and V of the Indivior Settlement Agreement. For the avoidance of doubt, this agreement does not apply to payments made pursuant to Sections IX or XIV of the Indivior Settlement Agreement.

Pursuant to Exhibit O, Paragraph 4, of the Indivior Settlement Agreement, acceptance of this CA Indivior Allocation Agreement is a requirement to be an Initial Participating Subdivision.

**2. Definitions**

- a) *CA Participating Subdivision* means a Participating Subdivision that is also (a) a Plaintiff Subdivision and/or (b) a Primary Subdivision with a population equal to or greater than 10,000. For the avoidance of doubt, eligible CA Participating Subdivisions are those California subdivisions listed in Exhibit C (excluding Litigating Special Districts) and/or Exhibit I to the Indivior Settlement Agreement.
- b) *CA Litigating Special District* means a Litigating Special District located in California.
- c) *Plaintiff Subdivision* means a Subdivision located in California, other than a CA Litigating Special District, that filed a lawsuit, on behalf of the Subdivision and/or through an official of the Subdivision on behalf of the People of the State of California, against one or more Opioid Defendants prior to October 1, 2020.
- d) *Opioid Defendant* means any defendant including but not limited to Alvogen, Inc. Amneal Pharmaceuticals LLC; Apotex Corp., Hikma Pharmaceuticals USA Inc. f/k/a West-Ward Pharmaceuticals Corp.; Indivior Inc.; Viatris Inc. (“Mylan”); Sun Pharmaceutical Industries, Inc.; Zydus Pharmaceuticals (USA) Inc.; Kroger Co., Teva Pharmaceutical Industries Ltd., Allergan Finance, LLC, Allergan Limited, CVS Health Corporation, CVS Pharmacy, Inc., Walgreen Co., Walmart Inc., Johnson & Johnson, Janssen Pharmaceuticals, Inc., Purdue Pharma L.P., Cardinal Health, Inc., Cencora, Inc. f/k/a AmerisourceBergen Corporation, McKesson Corporation, Dr. Richard S. Sackler, Beverly Sackler, Jonathan Sackler, David Sackler, Marianna Sackler, Theresa Sackler, Ilene Sackler Lefcourt, Dr. Kathe Sackler, and Mortimer D.A. Sackler) named in a lawsuit seeking damages, abatement, or other remedies related to or caused by the opioid public health crisis in any lawsuit brought by any state or local government on or before October 1, 2020.



### **3. General Terms**

This agreement is subject to the requirements of the Indivior Settlement Agreement, as well as applicable law, and the Indivior Settlement Agreement governs over any inconsistent provision of this CA Indivior Allocation Agreement. Terms used in this CA Indivior Allocation Agreement have the same meaning as in the Indivior Settlement Agreement unless otherwise defined herein.

Pursuant to Section V(D)(1) of the Indivior Settlement Agreement, (a) all Settlement Fund payments will be used for Opioid Remediation, except as allowed by Section V(B)(2) of the Indivior Settlement Agreement; and (b) at least seventy percent (70%) of Settlement Fund payment amounts will be used solely for future Opioid Remediation.

This Agreement does not apply to funds received by California<sup>1</sup> pursuant to Sections IX or XIV of the Indivior Settlement Agreement, including payments for Private Attorney Fees, the Additional Remediation Amount, and the Settlement Product Cash Conversion Amount.<sup>2</sup>

### **4. State Allocation**

The Settlement Fund payments to California, pursuant to the Indivior Settlement Agreement, shall be allocated as follows: 15% to the State Fund; 70% to the Abatement Accounts Fund; and 15% to the Subdivision Fund. For the avoidance of doubt, all funds allocated to California from the Settlement Fund shall be combined pursuant to this CA Indivior Allocation Agreement, and 15% of that total shall be allocated to the State of California (the “State of California Allocation”), 70% to the California Abatement Accounts Fund (“CA Abatement Accounts Fund”), and 15% to the California Subdivision Fund (“CA Subdivision Fund”).

#### **A. State of California Allocation**

Fifteen percent of the total Settlement Fund payments will be allocated to the State and used by the State for future Opioid Remediation.

#### **B. CA Abatement Accounts Fund**

##### **i. Allocation of CA Abatement Accounts Funds**

- a) Seventy percent of the total Settlement Fund payments will be allocated to the CA Abatement Accounts Fund. The funds in the CA Abatement Accounts Fund will be allocated based on the allocation model developed in connection with the proposed

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<sup>1</sup> For purposes of clarity, use of the term “California” refers to the geographic territory of California and the state and its local governments therein. The term “State” or “State of California” refers to the State of California as a governmental unit.

<sup>2</sup>All Settlement Product Cash Conversion Amounts paid to California pursuant to Section XIV of the Indivior Settlement Agreement shall be allocated to the State and used by the State for future Opioid Remediation.



negotiating class in the National Prescription Opiate Litigation (MDL No. 2804), as adjusted to reflect only those cities and counties that are eligible, based on population or litigation status, to become a CA Participating Subdivision. The percentage from the CA Abatement Accounts Fund allocated to each CA Participating Subdivision is set forth in Appendix 1 in the column entitled abatement percentage (the “Local Allocation”). For the avoidance of doubt, CA Litigating Special Districts and California towns, cities, and counties with a population less than 10,000 are not eligible to receive an allocation of CA Abatement Accounts Funds.

- b) A CA Participating Subdivision that is a county, or a city and county, will be allocated its Local Allocation share as of the date on which it becomes a Participating Subdivision, and will receive payments as provided in the Indivior Settlement Agreement.
- c) A CA Participating Subdivision that is a city will be allocated its Local Allocation share as of the date on which it becomes a Participating Subdivision. The Local Allocation share for a city that is a CA Participating Subdivision will be paid to the county in which the city is located, rather than to the city, so long as the county is a CA Participating Subdivision; provided, however, that if a city currently receives direct payment of its share of funds in the National Opioids Settlement with Distributors Cencora, Inc. (f/k/a AmerisourceBergenCorporation), Cardinal Health, Inc., and McKesson Corporation (the “Distributors Settlement”), that city’s Local Allocation amount will be paid directly to the city. If a city later changes or has already changed its distribution election in the Distributors Settlement, that change in election will apply here, provided that the change in election is received by the settlement administrator at least 60 days prior to a Payment Date. A Local Allocation share allocated to a city but paid to a county is not required to be spent exclusively for abatement activities in that city, but will become part of the county’s share of the CA Abatement Accounts Funds, which will be used in accordance with Section 4.B.ii (Use of CA Abatement Accounts Funds) and reported on in accordance with Section 4.B.iii (CA Abatement Accounts Fund Oversight).
- d) A city within a county that is a CA Participating Subdivision may opt in or out of direct payment at any time, and it may also elect direct payment of only a portion of its share, with the remainder going to the county, by providing notice to the Settlement Fund Administrator at least 60 days prior to a Payment Date. For purposes of this CA Indivior Allocation Agreement, the Cities of Los Angeles, Oakland, San Diego, San Jose and Eureka will be deemed to have elected direct payment if they become Participating Subdivisions.
- e) The State will receive the Local Allocation share of any payment to the Settlement Fund that is attributable to a county or city that is eligible to become a CA Participating Subdivision, but that has not, as of the date of that payment to the Settlement Fund, become a Participating Subdivision.
- f) Funds received by a CA Participating Subdivision, and not expended or encumbered within five years of receipt and in accordance with the Indivior Settlement Agreement and this CA Indivior Allocation Agreement shall be transferred to the State; provided



however, that CA Participating Subdivisions have seven years to expend or encumber CA Abatement Accounts Funds designated to support capital outlay projects before they must be transferred to the State..

**ii. Use of CA Abatement Accounts Funds**

- a) The CA Abatement Accounts Funds will be used for future Opioid Remediation in one or more of the areas described in the List of Opioid Remediation Uses, which is Exhibit E to the Indivior Settlement Agreement.
- b) In addition to this requirement, no less than 50% of the funds received by a CA Participating Subdivision from the Abatement Accounts Fund in each calendar year will be used for one or more of the following High Impact Abatement Activities:
  - (1) the provision of matching funds or operating costs for substance use disorder facilities within the Behavioral Health Continuum Infrastructure Program;
  - (2) creating new or expanded Substance Use Disorder (“SUD”) treatment infrastructure;
  - (3) addressing the needs of communities of color and vulnerable populations (including sheltered and unsheltered homeless populations) that are disproportionately impacted by SUD;
  - (4) diversion of people with SUD from the justice system into treatment, including by providing training and resources to first and early responders (sworn and non-sworn) and implementing best practices for outreach, diversion and deflection, employability, restorative justice, and harm reduction;
  - (5) interventions to prevent drug addiction in vulnerable youth, including but not limited to, youth in foster care, juvenile justice-impacted youth, youth experiencing adversities related to socioeconomic status, and unhoused youth; and/or
  - (6) the purchase of naloxone for distribution and efforts to expand access to naloxone for opioid overdose reversals.
- c) The California Department of Health Care Services (“DHCS”) may add to this list (but not delete from it) by designating additional High Impact Abatement Activities. DHCS will make reasonable efforts to consult with stakeholders, including the CA Participating Subdivisions, before adding additional High Impact Abatement Activities to this list.
- d) For the avoidance of doubt, and subject to the requirements of the Indivior Settlement Agreement and applicable law, CA Participating Subdivisions may form agreements or ventures, or otherwise work in collaboration with, federal, state, local, tribal or private sector entities in pursuing Opioid Remediation activities funded from the CA Abatement Accounts Fund. Further, provided that all CA Abatement Accounts Funds are used for Opioid Remediation consistent with the Indivior Settlement Agreement and this CA



Indivior Allocation Agreement, a county and any cities or towns within the county may agree to reallocate their respective shares of the CA Abatement Accounts Funds among themselves, provided that any direct distribution may only be to a CA Participating Subdivision and any CA Participating Subdivision must agree to their share being reallocated.

**iii. CA Abatement Accounts Fund Oversight**

- a) Pursuant to Section 5 below, CA Participating Subdivisions receiving settlement funds must prepare and file reports annually regarding the use of those funds. DHCS may regularly review the reports prepared by CA Participating Subdivisions about the use of CA Abatement Accounts Funds for compliance with the Indivior Settlement Agreement and this CA Indivior Allocation Agreement.
- b) If DHCS determines that a CA Participating Subdivision's use of CA Abatement Accounts Funds is inconsistent with the Indivior Settlement Agreement or this CA Indivior Allocation Agreement, whether through review of reports or information from any other sources, DHCS shall send a request to meet and confer with the CA Participating Subdivision. The parties shall meet and confer in an effort to resolve the concern.
- c) If the parties are unable to reach a resolution, DHCS may conduct an audit of the Subdivision's use of the CA Abatement Accounts Funds within one year of the request to meet and confer, unless the parties mutually agree in writing to extend the meet and confer time frame.
- d) If the concern still cannot be resolved, the State may bring a motion or action in the court where the State has filed its Consent Judgment to resolve the concern or otherwise enforce the requirements of the Indivior Settlement Agreement or this CA Indivior Allocation Agreement. However, in no case shall any audit be conducted, or motion be brought, as to a specific expenditure of funds, more than five years after the date on which the expenditure of the funds was reported to DHCS, in accordance with this agreement.
- e) Notwithstanding the foregoing, this Agreement does not limit the statutory or constitutional authority of any state or local agency or official to conduct audits, investigations, or other oversight activities, or to pursue administrative, civil, or criminal enforcement actions.

**C. CA Subdivision Fund**

- i. Fifteen percent of the total Settlement Fund payments will be allocated to the CA Subdivision Fund. All funds in the CA Subdivision Fund will be allocated among the Plaintiff Subdivisions that are Initial Participating Subdivisions. The funds will be used,



subject to any limits imposed by the Indivior Settlement Agreement and this CA Indivior Allocation Agreement, to fund future Opioid Remediation and reimburse past opioid-related expenses, which may include fees and expenses related to litigation

However, in no event shall more than one third (5% out of the 15%) of CA Subdivision Funds be used for litigation-related fees and expenses.

**D. Provision for State Back-Stop Agreement**

On August 6, 2021, Judge Dan Polster of the U.S. District Court, Northern District of Ohio, Eastern Division, issued an order (ECF Docket Number 3814) (“MDL Fees Order”) in the National Prescription Opiate Litigation (MDL No. 2804) “cap[ping] all applicable contingent fee agreements at 15%.” Private counsel representing Plaintiff Subdivisions should seek its contingency fees and costs from the Attorney Fee Fund or Cost Funds under the settlement agreements with other Opioid Defendants.

A Plaintiff Subdivision may separately agree to use up to one-third (5% out of the 15%) of its share of the CA Subdivision Fund to pay for fees or costs incurred by its contingency-fee counsel (“State Back-Stop Agreement”), pursuant to Exhibit R, section I(X), of the Indivior Settlement Agreement and the MDL Fees Order, provided that: (1) such payments, together with any payments to contingency-fee counsel from the Private Attorneys Fee amount related to such Plaintiff Subdivision, do not exceed 15% of a Plaintiff Subdivision’s total gross recovery under this Indivior Settlement Agreement; and (2) the Plaintiff Subdivision certifies that any payments made under a State Back-Stop agreement will be made in accordance with the 95% Opioid Abatement use requirements under Section V.B.1 of the Indivior Settlement Agreement. Before seeking fees or litigation costs and expenses from a State Back-Stop Agreement, private counsel representing Plaintiff Subdivisions must first seek contingency fees and costs from the Attorney Fee Fund or Cost Funds created under the Indivior Settlement Agreement. Further, private counsel may only seek reimbursement for litigation fees and costs that have not previously been reimbursed through prior settlements or judgments.

To effectuate a State Back-Stop Agreement pursuant to this section, an agreement in the form of Appendix 2 may be entered into by a Plaintiff Subdivision, private counsel, and the California Office of the Attorney General. The California Office of the Attorney General shall, upon the request of a Plaintiff Subdivision, execute any agreement executed by a Plaintiff Subdivision and its private counsel if it is in the form of Appendix 2. The California Office of the Attorney General will also consider requests from Plaintiff Subdivisions to execute and enter into agreements presented in other forms.

For the avoidance of doubt, this agreement does not require a Plaintiff Subdivision to request or enter into a State Back-Stop Agreement, and no State Back-Stop Agreement shall impose any duty or obligation on the State of California or any of its agencies or officers, including without limitation the Attorney General.

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## **5. State and Subdivision Reporting**

- a) DHCS will prepare an annual written report regarding the State's use of funds from the settlement until those funds are fully expended and for one year thereafter. These reports will be made publicly available on the DHCS web site.
- b) Each CA Participating Subdivision that receives payments of funds from the settlement will prepare written reports at least annually regarding the use of those funds, until those funds are fully expended and for one year thereafter. These reports will also include a certification that all funds that the CA Participating Subdivision has received through the settlement have been used in compliance with the Indivior Settlement Agreement and this CA Indivior Allocation Agreement. The report will be in a form reasonably determined by DHCS. Prior to specifying the form of the report DHCS will confer with representatives of the Plaintiff Subdivisions.
- c) The State and all CA Participating Subdivisions receiving CA Abatement Accounts Funds will track all deposits and expenditures. Each such subdivision is responsible solely for the CA Abatement Accounts Funds it receives. A county is not responsible for oversight, reporting, or monitoring of CA Abatement Accounts Funds received by a city within that county that receives direct payment. Unless otherwise exempt, Subdivisions' expenditures and uses of CA Abatement Accounts Funds and other Settlement Funds will be subject to the normal budgetary and expenditure process of the Subdivision.
- d) Each Plaintiff Subdivision receiving CA Subdivision Funds will track all deposits and expenditures, as required by the Indivior Settlement Agreement and this CA Indivior Allocation Agreement. Among other things, Plaintiff Subdivisions using monies from the CA Subdivision Fund for purposes that do not qualify as Opioid Remediation must identify and include in their annual report, the amount and how such funds were used, including if used to pay attorneys' fees, investigation costs, or litigation costs. Pursuant to Section V(B)(2) of the Indivior Settlement Agreement, such information must also be reported to the Settlement Fund Administrator and Indivior.
- e) In each year in which DHCS prepares an annual report DHCS will also host a meeting to discuss the annual report and the Opioid Remediation activities being carried out by the State and Participating Subdivisions.

## **6. Miscellaneous**

- a) The State or any CA Participating Subdivision may bring a motion or action in the court where the State has filed its Consent Judgment to enforce the requirements of this CA Indivior Allocation Agreement. Before filing such a motion or action the State will meet and confer with any CA Participating Subdivision that is the subject of the anticipated motion or action, and vice versa.
- b) Except as provided in the Indivior Settlement Agreement, this CA Indivior Allocation Agreement is not enforceable by any party other than the State and the CA Participating



Subdivisions. It does not confer any rights or remedies upon, and shall not be enforceable by, any third party.

- c) Except as provided in the CA Indivior Allocation Agreement, if any provision of this agreement or the application thereof to any person, entity, or circumstance shall, to any extent, be invalid or unenforceable, the remainder of this agreement, or the application of such provision to persons, entities, or circumstances other than those as to which it is invalid or unenforceable, will not be affected thereby, and each other provision of this agreement will be valid and enforceable to the fullest extent permitted by law.
- d) Except as provided in the Indivior Settlement Agreement, this agreement shall be governed by and interpreted in accordance with the laws of California.



The undersigned, Lompoc city, CA, ACKNOWLEDGES acceptance of this Proposed California State-Subdivision Agreement Regarding Distribution and Use of Settlement Funds – Indivior Settlement is a requirement to be an Initial Participating Subdivision in the Indivior Settlement and ACCEPTS this Proposed California State-Subdivision Agreement Regarding Distribution and Use of Settlement Funds –Indivior Settlement.

Signature: \_\_\_\_\_

Name: \_\_\_\_\_

Title: \_\_\_\_\_

Date: \_\_\_\_\_



**Proposed California State-Subdivision Agreement  
Regarding Distribution and Use of  
Settlement Funds – Mylan Settlement**

**1. Introduction**

Pursuant to the Mylan Settlement Agreement, dated as of April 4, 2025, and any revision thereto (the “Mylan Settlement Agreement”), including Section V and Exhibit O, the State of California proposes this agreement (the “CA Mylan Allocation Agreement”) to govern the allocation, distribution, and use of Settlement Fund payments made to California pursuant to Sections IV and V of the Mylan Settlement Agreement. For the avoidance of doubt, this agreement does not apply to payments made pursuant to Section IX of the Mylan Settlement Agreement.

Pursuant to Exhibit O, Paragraph 4, of the Mylan Settlement Agreement, acceptance of this CA Mylan Allocation Agreement is a requirement to be an Initial Participating Subdivision.

**2. Definitions**

- a) *CA Participating Subdivision* means a Participating Subdivision that is also (a) a Plaintiff Subdivision and/or (b) a Primary Subdivision with a population equal to or greater than 10,000. For the avoidance of doubt, eligible CA Participating Subdivisions are those California subdivisions listed in Exhibit C (excluding Litigating Special Districts) and/or Exhibit I to the Mylan Settlement Agreement.
- b) *CA Litigating Special District* means a Litigating Special District located in California. CA Litigating Special Districts include Susanville Elementary School District and Lassen County Office of Education.
- c) *Plaintiff Subdivision* means a Subdivision located in California, other than a CA Litigating Special District, that filed a lawsuit, on behalf of the Subdivision and/or through an official of the Subdivision on behalf of the People of the State of California, against one or more Opioid Defendants prior to October 1, 2020.
- d) *Opioid Defendant* means any defendant including but not limited to Alvogen, Inc. Amneal Pharmaceuticals LLC; Apotex Corp., Hikma Pharmaceuticals USA Inc. f/k/a West-Ward Pharmaceuticals Corp.; Indivior Inc.; Viatrix Inc. (“Mylan”); Sun Pharmaceutical Industries, Inc.; Zydus Pharmaceuticals (USA) Inc.; Kroger Co., Teva Pharmaceutical Industries Ltd., Allergan Finance, LLC, Allergan Limited, CVS Health Corporation, CVS Pharmacy, Inc., Walgreen Co., Walmart Inc., Johnson & Johnson, Janssen Pharmaceuticals, Inc., Purdue Pharma L.P., Cardinal Health, Inc., Cencora, Inc. f/k/a AmerisourceBergen Corporation, McKesson Corporation, Dr. Richard S. Sackler, Beverly Sackler, Jonathan Sackler, David Sackler, Marianna Sackler, Theresa Sackler, Ilene Sackler Lefcourt, Dr. Kathe Sackler, and Mortimer D.A. Sackler) named in a lawsuit seeking damages, abatement, or other remedies related to or caused by the opioid public health crisis in any lawsuit brought by any state or local government on or before October 1, 2020.



### **3. General Terms**

This agreement is subject to the requirements of the Mylan Settlement Agreement, as well as applicable law, and the Mylan Settlement Agreement governs over any inconsistent provision of this CA Mylan Allocation Agreement. Terms used in this CA Mylan Allocation Agreement have the same meaning as in the Mylan Settlement Agreement unless otherwise defined herein.

Pursuant to Section V(D)(1) of the Mylan Settlement Agreement, (a) all Settlement Fund payments will be used for Opioid Remediation, except as allowed by Section V(B)(2) of the Mylan Settlement Agreement; and (b) at least seventy percent (70%) of Settlement Fund payment amounts will be used solely for future Opioid Remediation.

This Agreement does not apply to funds received by California<sup>1</sup> pursuant to Section IX of the Mylan Settlement Agreement, including payments for Private Attorney Fees and the Additional Remediation Amount.

### **4. State Allocation**

The Settlement Fund payments to California, pursuant to the Mylan Settlement Agreement, shall be allocated as follows: 15% to the State Fund; 70% to the Abatement Accounts Fund; and 15% to the Subdivision Fund. For the avoidance of doubt, all funds allocated to California from the Settlement Fund shall be combined pursuant to this CA Mylan Allocation Agreement, and 15% of that total shall be allocated to the State of California (the “State of California Allocation”), 70% to the California Abatement Accounts Fund (“CA Abatement Accounts Fund”), and 15% to the California Subdivision Fund (“CA Subdivision Fund”).

#### **A. State of California Allocation**

Fifteen percent of the total Settlement Fund payments will be allocated to the State and used by the State for future Opioid Remediation.

#### **B. CA Abatement Accounts Fund**

##### **i. Allocation of CA Abatement Accounts Funds**

- a) Seventy percent of the total Settlement Fund payments will be allocated to the CA Abatement Accounts Fund. The funds in the CA Abatement Accounts Fund will be allocated based on the allocation model developed in connection with the proposed negotiating class in the National Prescription Opiate Litigation (MDL No. 2804), as adjusted to reflect only those cities and counties that are eligible, based on population or litigation status, to become a CA Participating Subdivision. The percentage from the CA

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<sup>1</sup> For purposes of clarity, use of the term “California” refers to the geographic territory of California and the state and its local governments therein. The term “State” or “State of California” refers to the State of California as a governmental unit.



Abatement Accounts Fund allocated to each CA Participating Subdivision is set forth in Appendix 1 in the column entitled abatement percentage (the “Local Allocation”). For the avoidance of doubt, CA Litigating Special Districts and California towns, cities, and counties with a population less than 10,000 are not eligible to receive an allocation of CA Abatement Accounts Funds.

- b) A CA Participating Subdivision that is a county, or a city and county, will be allocated its Local Allocation share as of the date on which it becomes a Participating Subdivision, and will receive payments as provided in the Mylan Settlement Agreement.
- c) A CA Participating Subdivision that is a city will be allocated its Local Allocation share as of the date on which it becomes a Participating Subdivision. The Local Allocation share for a city that is a CA Participating Subdivision will be paid to the county in which the city is located, rather than to the city, so long as the county is a CA Participating Subdivision; provided, however, that if a city currently receives direct payment of its share of funds in the National Opioids Settlement with Distributors Cencora, Inc. (f/k/a AmerisourceBergen Corporation), Cardinal Health, Inc., and McKesson Corporation (the “Distributors Settlement”), that city’s Local Allocation amount will be paid directly to the city. If a city later changes or has already changed its distribution election in the Distributors Settlement, that change in election will apply here, provided that the change in election is received by the settlement administrator at least 60 days prior to a Payment Date. A Local Allocation share allocated to a city but paid to a county is not required to be spent exclusively for abatement activities in that city, but will become part of the county’s share of the CA Abatement Accounts Funds, which will be used in accordance with Section 4.B.ii (Use of CA Abatement Accounts Funds) and reported on in accordance with Section 4.B.iii (CA Abatement Accounts Fund Oversight).
- d) A city within a county that is a CA Participating Subdivision may opt in or out of direct payment at any time, and it may also elect direct payment of only a portion of its share, with the remainder going to the county, by providing notice to the Settlement Fund Administrator at least 60 days prior to a Payment Date. For purposes of this CA Mylan Allocation Agreement, the Cities of Los Angeles, Oakland, San Diego, San Jose and Eureka will be deemed to have elected direct payment if they become Participating Subdivisions.
- e) The State will receive the Local Allocation share of any payment to the Settlement Fund that is attributable to a county or city that is eligible to become a CA Participating Subdivision, but that has not, as of the date of that payment to the Settlement Fund, become a Participating Subdivision.
- f) Funds received by a CA Participating Subdivision, and not expended or encumbered within five years of receipt and in accordance with the Mylan Settlement Agreement and this CA Mylan Allocation Agreement shall be transferred to the State; provided however, that CA Participating Subdivisions have seven years to expend or encumber CA Abatement Accounts Funds designated to support capital outlay projects before they must be transferred to the State.



**ii. Use of CA Abatement Accounts Funds**

- a) The CA Abatement Accounts Funds will be used for future Opioid Remediation in one or more of the areas described in the List of Opioid Remediation Uses, which is Exhibit E to the Mylan Settlement Agreement.
- b) In addition to this requirement, no less than 50% of the funds received by a CA Participating Subdivision from the Abatement Accounts Fund in each calendar year will be used for one or more of the following High Impact Abatement Activities:
  - (1) the provision of matching funds or operating costs for substance use disorder facilities within the Behavioral Health Continuum Infrastructure Program;
  - (2) creating new or expanded Substance Use Disorder (“SUD”) treatment infrastructure;
  - (3) addressing the needs of communities of color and vulnerable populations (including sheltered and unsheltered homeless populations) that are disproportionately impacted by SUD;
  - (4) diversion of people with SUD from the justice system into treatment, including by providing training and resources to first and early responders (sworn and non-sworn) and implementing best practices for outreach, diversion and deflection, employability, restorative justice, and harm reduction;
  - (5) interventions to prevent drug addiction in vulnerable youth, including but not limited to, youth in foster care, juvenile justice-impacted youth, youth experiencing adversities related to socioeconomic status, and unhoused youth; and/or
  - (6) the purchase of naloxone for distribution and efforts to expand access to naloxone for opioid overdose reversals.
- c) The California Department of Health Care Services (“DHCS”) may add to this list (but not delete from it) by designating additional High Impact Abatement Activities. DHCS will make reasonable efforts to consult with stakeholders, including the CA Participating Subdivisions, before adding additional High Impact Abatement Activities to this list.
- d) For the avoidance of doubt, and subject to the requirements of the Mylan Settlement Agreement and applicable law, CA Participating Subdivisions may form agreements or ventures, or otherwise work in collaboration with, federal, state, local, tribal or private sector entities in pursuing Opioid Remediation activities funded from the CA Abatement Accounts Fund. Further, provided that all CA Abatement Accounts Funds are used for Opioid Remediation consistent with the Mylan Settlement Agreement and this CA Mylan Allocation Agreement, a county and any cities or towns within the county may agree to reallocate their respective shares of the CA Abatement Accounts Funds among themselves, provided that any direct distribution may only be to a CA Participating



Subdivision and any CA Participating Subdivision must agree to their share being reallocated.

**iii. CA Abatement Accounts Fund Oversight**

- a) Pursuant to Section 5 below, CA Participating Subdivisions receiving settlement funds must prepare and file reports annually regarding the use of those funds. DHCS may regularly review the reports prepared by CA Participating Subdivisions about the use of CA Abatement Accounts Funds for compliance with the Mylan Settlement Agreement and this CA Mylan Allocation Agreement.
- b) If DHCS determines that a CA Participating Subdivision's use of CA Abatement Accounts Funds is inconsistent with the Mylan Settlement Agreement or this CA Mylan Allocation Agreement, whether through review of reports or information from any other sources, DHCS shall send a request to meet and confer with the CA Participating Subdivision. The parties shall meet and confer in an effort to resolve the concern.
- c) If the parties are unable to reach a resolution, DHCS may conduct an audit of the Subdivision's use of the CA Abatement Accounts Funds within one year of the request to meet and confer, unless the parties mutually agree in writing to extend the meet and confer time frame.
- d) If the concern still cannot be resolved, the State may bring a motion or action in the court where the State has filed its Consent Judgment to resolve the concern or otherwise enforce the requirements of the Mylan Settlement Agreement or this CA Mylan Allocation Agreement. However, in no case shall any audit be conducted, or motion be brought, as to a specific expenditure of funds, more than five years after the date on which the expenditure of the funds was reported to DHCS, in accordance with this agreement.
- e) Notwithstanding the foregoing, this Agreement does not limit the statutory or constitutional authority of any state or local agency or official to conduct audits, investigations, or other oversight activities, or to pursue administrative, civil, or criminal enforcement actions.

**C. CA Subdivision Fund**

- i. Fifteen percent of the total Settlement Fund payments will be allocated to the CA Subdivision Fund. All funds in the CA Subdivision Fund will be allocated among the Plaintiff Subdivisions that are Initial Participating Subdivisions. The funds will be used, subject to any limits imposed by the Mylan Settlement Agreement and this CA Mylan Allocation Agreement, to fund future Opioid Remediation and reimburse past opioid-related expenses, which may include fees and expenses related to litigation.



However, in no event shall more than one third (5% out of the 15%) of CA Subdivision Funds be used for litigation-related fees and expenses.

**D. Provision for State Back-Stop Agreement**

On August 6, 2021, Judge Dan Polster of the U.S. District Court, Northern District of Ohio, Eastern Division, issued an order (ECF Docket Number 3814) (“MDL Fees Order”) in the National Prescription Opiate Litigation (MDL No. 2804) “cap[ping] all applicable contingent fee agreements at 15%.” Private counsel representing Plaintiff Subdivisions should seek its contingency fees and costs from the Attorney Fee Fund or Cost Funds under the settlement agreements with other Opioid Defendants.

A Plaintiff Subdivision may separately agree to use up to one-third (5% out of the 15%) of its share of the CA Subdivision Fund to pay for fees or costs incurred by its contingency-fee counsel (“State Back-Stop Agreement”), pursuant to Exhibit R, section I(X), of the Mylan Settlement Agreement and the MDL Fees Order, provided that: (1) such payments, together with any payments to contingency-fee counsel from the Private Attorneys Fee amount related to such Plaintiff Subdivision, do not exceed 15% of a Plaintiff Subdivision’s total gross recovery under this Mylan Settlement Agreement; and (2) the Plaintiff Subdivision certifies that any payments made under a State Back-Stop agreement will be made in accordance with the 95% Opioid Abatement use requirements under Section V(B)(1) of the Mylan Settlement Agreement. Before seeking fees or litigation costs and expenses from a State Back-Stop Agreement, private counsel representing Plaintiff Subdivisions must first seek contingency fees and costs from the Attorney Fee Fund or Cost Funds created under the Mylan Settlement Agreement. Further, private counsel may only seek reimbursement for litigation fees and costs that have not previously been reimbursed through prior settlements or judgments.

To effectuate a State Back-Stop Agreement pursuant to this section, an agreement in the form of Appendix 2 may be entered into by a Plaintiff Subdivision, private counsel, and the California Office of the Attorney General. The California Office of the Attorney General shall, upon the request of a Plaintiff Subdivision, execute any agreement executed by a Plaintiff Subdivision and its private counsel if it is in the form of Appendix 2. The California Office of the Attorney General will also consider requests from Plaintiff Subdivisions to execute and enter into agreements presented in other forms.

For the avoidance of doubt, this agreement does not require a Plaintiff Subdivision to request or enter into a State Back-Stop Agreement, and no State Back-Stop Agreement shall impose any duty or obligation on the State of California or any of its agencies or officers, including without limitation the Attorney General.

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## **5. State and Subdivision Reporting**

- a) DHCS will prepare an annual written report regarding the State's use of funds from the settlement until those funds are fully expended and for one year thereafter. These reports will be made publicly available on the DHCS web site.
- b) Each CA Participating Subdivision that receives payments of funds from the settlement will prepare written reports at least annually regarding the use of those funds, until those funds are fully expended and for one year thereafter. These reports will also include a certification that all funds that the CA Participating Subdivision has received through the settlement have been used in compliance with the Mylan Settlement Agreement and this CA Mylan Allocation Agreement. The report will be in a form reasonably determined by DHCS. Prior to specifying the form of the report DHCS will confer with representatives of the Plaintiff Subdivisions.
- c) The State and all CA Participating Subdivisions receiving CA Abatement Accounts Funds will track all deposits and expenditures. Each such subdivision is responsible solely for the CA Abatement Accounts Funds it receives. A county is not responsible for oversight, reporting, or monitoring of CA Abatement Accounts Funds received by a city within that county that receives direct payment. Unless otherwise exempt, Subdivisions' expenditures and uses of CA Abatement Accounts Funds and other Settlement Funds will be subject to the normal budgetary and expenditure process of the Subdivision.
- d) Each Plaintiff Subdivision receiving CA Subdivision Funds will track all deposits and expenditures, as required by the Mylan Settlement Agreement and this CA Mylan Allocation Agreement. Among other things, Plaintiff Subdivisions using monies from the CA Subdivision Fund for purposes that do not qualify as Opioid Remediation must identify and include in their annual report, the amount and how such funds were used, including if used to pay attorneys' fees, investigation costs, or litigation costs. Pursuant to Section V(B)(2) of the Mylan Settlement Agreement, such information must also be reported to the Settlement Fund Administrator and Mylan.
- e) In each year in which DHCS prepares an annual report DHCS will also host a meeting to discuss the annual report and the Opioid Remediation activities being carried out by the State and Participating Subdivisions.

## **6. Miscellaneous**

- a) The State or any CA Participating Subdivision may bring a motion or action in the court where the State has filed its Consent Judgment to enforce the requirements of this CA Mylan Allocation Agreement. Before filing such a motion or action the State will meet and confer with any CA Participating Subdivision that is the subject of the anticipated motion or action, and vice versa.
- b) Except as provided in the Mylan Settlement Agreement, this CA Mylan Allocation Agreement is not enforceable by any party other than the State and the CA Participating



Subdivisions. It does not confer any rights or remedies upon, and shall not be enforceable by, any third party.

- c) Except as provided in the CA Mylan Allocation Agreement, if any provision of this agreement or the application thereof to any person, entity, or circumstance shall, to any extent, be invalid or unenforceable, the remainder of this agreement, or the application of such provision to persons, entities, or circumstances other than those as to which it is invalid or unenforceable, will not be affected thereby, and each other provision of this agreement will be valid and enforceable to the fullest extent permitted by law.
- d) Except as provided in the Mylan Settlement Agreement, this agreement shall be governed by and interpreted in accordance with the laws of California.



The undersigned, Lompoc city, CA, ACKNOWLEDGES acceptance of this Proposed California State-Subdivision Agreement Regarding Distribution and Use of Settlement Funds –Mylan Settlement is a requirement to be an Initial Participating Subdivision in the Mylan Settlement and ACCEPTS this Proposed California State-Subdivision Agreement Regarding Distribution and Use of Settlement Funds – Mylan Settlement.

Signature: \_\_\_\_\_

Name: \_\_\_\_\_

Title: \_\_\_\_\_

Date: \_\_\_\_\_



**Proposed California State-Subdivision Agreement  
Regarding Distribution and Use of  
Settlement Funds – Sun Settlement**

**1. Introduction**

Pursuant to the Sun Settlement Agreement, dated as of April 4, 2025, and any revision thereto (the “Sun Settlement Agreement”), including Section VI and Exhibit O, the State of California proposes this agreement (the “CA Sun Allocation Agreement”) to govern the allocation, distribution, and use of Settlement Fund payments made to California pursuant to Sections V and VI of the Sun Settlement Agreement. For the avoidance of doubt, this agreement does not apply to payments made pursuant to Section X of the Sun Settlement Agreement.

Pursuant to Exhibit O, Paragraph 4, of the Sun Settlement Agreement, acceptance of this CA Sun Allocation Agreement is a requirement to be an Initial Participating Subdivision.

**2. Definitions**

- a) *CA Participating Subdivision* means a Participating Subdivision that is also (a) a Plaintiff Subdivision and/or (b) a Primary Subdivision with a population equal to or greater than 10,000. For the avoidance of doubt, eligible CA Participating Subdivisions are those California subdivisions listed in Exhibit C (excluding Litigating Special Districts) and/or Exhibit I to the Sun Settlement Agreement.
- b) *CA Litigating Special District* means a Litigating Special District located in California.
- c) *Plaintiff Subdivision* means a Subdivision located in California, other than a CA Litigating Special District, that filed a lawsuit, on behalf of the Subdivision and/or through an official of the Subdivision on behalf of the People of the State of California, against one or more Opioid Defendants prior to October 1, 2020.
- d) *Opioid Defendant* means any defendant including but not limited to Alvogen, Inc. Amneal Pharmaceuticals LLC; Apotex Corp., Hikma Pharmaceuticals USA Inc. f/k/a West-Ward Pharmaceuticals Corp.; Indivior Inc.; Viatris Inc. (“Mylan”); Sun Pharmaceutical Industries, Inc.; Zydus Pharmaceuticals (USA) Inc.; Kroger Co., Teva Pharmaceutical Industries Ltd., Allergan Finance, LLC, Allergan Limited, CVS Health Corporation, CVS Pharmacy, Inc., Walgreen Co., Walmart Inc., Johnson & Johnson, Janssen Pharmaceuticals, Inc., Purdue Pharma L.P., Cardinal Health, Inc., Cencora, Inc. f/k/a AmerisourceBergen Corporation, McKesson Corporation, Dr. Richard S. Sackler, Beverly Sackler, Jonathan Sackler, David Sackler, Marianna Sackler, Theresa Sackler, Ilene Sackler Lefcourt, Dr. Kathe Sackler, and Mortimer D.A. Sackler) named in a lawsuit seeking damages, abatement, or other remedies related to or caused by the opioid public health crisis in any lawsuit brought by any state or local government on or before October 1, 2020.



### **3. General Terms**

This agreement is subject to the requirements of the Sun Settlement Agreement, as well as applicable law, and the Sun Settlement Agreement governs over any inconsistent provision of this CA Sun Allocation Agreement. Terms used in this CA Sun Allocation Agreement have the same meaning as in the Sun Settlement Agreement unless otherwise defined herein.

Pursuant to Section VI(D)(1) of the Sun Settlement Agreement, (a) all Settlement Fund payments will be used for Opioid Remediation, except as allowed by Section VI(B)(2) of the Sun Settlement Agreement; and (b) at least seventy percent (70%) of Settlement Fund payment amounts will be used solely for future Opioid Remediation.

This Agreement does not apply to funds received by California<sup>1</sup> pursuant to Section X of the Sun Settlement Agreement, including payments for Private Attorney Fees and the Additional Remediation Amount.

### **4. State Allocation**

The Settlement Fund payments to California, pursuant to the Sun Settlement Agreement, shall be allocated as follows: 15% to the State Fund; 70% to the Abatement Accounts Fund; and 15% to the Subdivision Fund. For the avoidance of doubt, all funds allocated to California from the Settlement Fund shall be combined pursuant to this CA Sun Allocation Agreement, and 15% of that total shall be allocated to the State of California (the “State of California Allocation”), 70% to the California Abatement Accounts Fund (“CA Abatement Accounts Fund”), and 15% to the California Subdivision Fund (“CA Subdivision Fund”).

#### **A. State of California Allocation**

Fifteen percent of the total Settlement Fund payments will be allocated to the State and used by the State for future Opioid Remediation.

#### **B. CA Abatement Accounts Fund**

##### **i. Allocation of CA Abatement Accounts Funds**

- a) Seventy percent of the total Settlement Fund payments will be allocated to the CA Abatement Accounts Fund. The funds in the CA Abatement Accounts Fund will be allocated based on the allocation model developed in connection with the proposed negotiating class in the National Prescription Opiate Litigation (MDL No. 2804), as adjusted to reflect only those cities and counties that are eligible, based on population or litigation status, to become a CA Participating Subdivision. The percentage from the CA Abatement Accounts Fund allocated to each CA Participating Subdivision is set forth in

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<sup>1</sup> For purposes of clarity, use of the term “California” refers to the geographic territory of California and the state and its local governments therein. The term “State” or “State of California” refers to the State of California as a governmental unit.



Appendix 1 in the column entitled abatement percentage (the “Local Allocation”). For the avoidance of doubt, CA Litigating Special Districts and California towns, cities, and counties with a population less than 10,000 are not eligible to receive an allocation of CA Abatement Accounts Funds.

- b) A CA Participating Subdivision that is a county, or a city and county, will be allocated its Local Allocation share as of the date on which it becomes a Participating Subdivision, and will receive payments as provided in the Sun Settlement Agreement.
- c) A CA Participating Subdivision that is a city will be allocated its Local Allocation share as of the date on which it becomes a Participating Subdivision. The Local Allocation share for a city that is a CA Participating Subdivision will be paid to the county in which the city is located, rather than to the city, so long as the county is a CA Participating Subdivision; provided, however, that if a city currently receives direct payment of its share of funds in the National Opioids Settlement with Distributors Cencora, Inc. (f/k/a AmerisourceBergenCorporation), Cardinal Health, Inc., and McKesson Corporation (the “Distributors Settlement”), that city’s Local Allocation amount will be paid directly to the city. If a city later changes or has already changed its distribution election in the Distributors Settlement, that change in election will apply here, provided that the change in election is received by the settlement administrator at least 60 days prior to a Payment Date. A Local Allocation share allocated to a city but paid to a county is not required to be spent exclusively for abatement activities in that city, but will become part of the county’s share of the CA Abatement Accounts Funds, which will be used in accordance with Section 4.B.ii (Use of CA Abatement Accounts Funds) and reported on in accordance with Section 4.B.iii (CA Abatement Accounts Fund Oversight).
- d) A city within a county that is a CA Participating Subdivision may opt in or out of direct payment at any time, and it may also elect direct payment of only a portion of its share, with the remainder going to the county, by providing notice to the Settlement Fund Administrator at least 60 days prior to a Payment Date. For purposes of this CA Sun Allocation Agreement, the Cities of Los Angeles, Oakland, San Diego, San Jose and Eureka will be deemed to have elected direct payment if they become Participating Subdivisions.
- e) The State will receive the Local Allocation share of any payment to the Settlement Fund that is attributable to a county or city that is eligible to become a CA Participating Subdivision, but that has not, as of the date of that payment to the Settlement Fund, become a Participating Subdivision.
- f) Funds received by a CA Participating Subdivision, and not expended or encumbered within five years of receipt and in accordance with the Sun Settlement Agreement and this CA Sun Allocation Agreement shall be transferred to the State; provided however, that CA Participating Subdivisions have seven years to expend or encumber CA Abatement Accounts Funds designated to support capital outlay projects before they must be transferred to the State.



**ii. Use of CA Abatement Accounts Funds**

- a) The CA Abatement Accounts Funds will be used for future Opioid Remediation in one or more of the areas described in the List of Opioid Remediation Uses, which is Exhibit E to the Sun Settlement Agreement.
- b) In addition to this requirement, no less than 50% of the funds received by a CA Participating Subdivision from the Abatement Accounts Fund in each calendar year will be used for one or more of the following High Impact Abatement Activities:
  - (1) the provision of matching funds or operating costs for substance use disorder facilities within the Behavioral Health Continuum Infrastructure Program;
  - (2) creating new or expanded Substance Use Disorder (“SUD”) treatment infrastructure;
  - (3) addressing the needs of communities of color and vulnerable populations (including sheltered and unsheltered homeless populations) that are disproportionately impacted by SUD;
  - (4) diversion of people with SUD from the justice system into treatment, including by providing training and resources to first and early responders (sworn and non-sworn) and implementing best practices for outreach, diversion and deflection, employability, restorative justice, and harm reduction;
  - (5) interventions to prevent drug addiction in vulnerable youth, including but not limited to, youth in foster care, juvenile justice-impacted youth, youth experiencing adversities related to socioeconomic status, and unhoused youth; and/or
  - (6) the purchase of naloxone for distribution and efforts to expand access to naloxone for opioid overdose reversals.
- c) The California Department of Health Care Services (“DHCS”) may add to this list (but not delete from it) by designating additional High Impact Abatement Activities. DHCS will make reasonable efforts to consult with stakeholders, including the CA Participating Subdivisions, before adding additional High Impact Abatement Activities to this list.
- d) For the avoidance of doubt, and subject to the requirements of the Sun Settlement Agreement and applicable law, CA Participating Subdivisions may form agreements or ventures, or otherwise work in collaboration with, federal, state, local, tribal or private sector entities in pursuing Opioid Remediation activities funded from the CA Abatement Accounts Fund. Further, provided that all CA Abatement Accounts Funds are used for Opioid Remediation consistent with the Sun Settlement Agreement and this CA Sun Allocation Agreement, a county and any cities or towns within the county may agree to reallocate their respective shares of the CA Abatement Accounts Funds among themselves, provided that any direct distribution may only be to a CA Participating



Subdivision and any CA Participating Subdivision must agree to their share being reallocated.

**iii. CA Abatement Accounts Fund Oversight**

- a) Pursuant to Section 5 below, CA Participating Subdivisions receiving settlement funds must prepare and file reports annually regarding the use of those funds. DHCS may regularly review the reports prepared by CA Participating Subdivisions about the use of CA Abatement Accounts Funds for compliance with the Sun Settlement Agreement and this CA Sun Allocation Agreement.
- b) If DHCS determines that a CA Participating Subdivision's use of CA Abatement Accounts Funds is inconsistent with the Sun Settlement Agreement or this CA Sun Allocation Agreement, whether through review of reports or information from any other sources, DHCS shall send a request to meet and confer with the CA Participating Subdivision. The parties shall meet and confer in an effort to resolve the concern.
- c) If the parties are unable to reach a resolution, DHCS may conduct an audit of the Subdivision's use of the CA Abatement Accounts Funds within one year of the request to meet and confer, unless the parties mutually agree in writing to extend the meet and confer time frame.
- d) If the concern still cannot be resolved, the State may bring a motion or action in the court where the State has filed its Consent Judgment to resolve the concern or otherwise enforce the requirements of the Sun Settlement Agreement or this CA Sun Allocation Agreement. However, in no case shall any audit be conducted, or motion be brought, as to a specific expenditure of funds, more than five years after the date on which the expenditure of the funds was reported to DHCS, in accordance with this agreement.
- e) Notwithstanding the foregoing, this Agreement does not limit the statutory or constitutional authority of any state or local agency or official to conduct audits, investigations, or other oversight activities, or to pursue administrative, civil, or criminal enforcement actions.

**C. CA Subdivision Fund**

- i. Fifteen percent of the total Settlement Fund payments will be allocated to the CA Subdivision Fund. All funds in the CA Subdivision Fund will be allocated among the Plaintiff Subdivisions that are Initial Participating Subdivisions. The funds will be used, subject to any limits imposed by the Sun Settlement Agreement and this CA Sun Allocation Agreement, to fund future Opioid Remediation and reimburse past opioid-related expenses, which may include fees and expenses related to litigation.



However, in no event shall more than one third (5% out of the 15%) of CA Subdivision Funds be used for litigation-related fees and expenses.

**D. Provision for State Back-Stop Agreement**

On August 6, 2021, Judge Dan Polster of the U.S. District Court, Northern District of Ohio, Eastern Division, issued an order (ECF Docket Number 3814) (“MDL Fees Order”) in the National Prescription Opiate Litigation (MDL No. 2804) “cap[ping] all applicable contingent fee agreements at 15%.” Private counsel representing Plaintiff Subdivisions should seek its contingency fees and costs from the Attorney Fee Fund or Cost Funds under the settlement agreements with other Opioid Defendants.

A Plaintiff Subdivision may separately agree to use up to one-third (5% out of the 15%) of its share of the CA Subdivision Fund to pay for fees or costs incurred by its contingency-fee counsel (“State Back-Stop Agreement”), pursuant to Exhibit R, section I(Y), of the Sun Settlement Agreement and the MDL Fees Order, provided that: (1) such payments, together with any payments to contingency-fee counsel from the Private Attorneys Fee amount related to such Plaintiff Subdivision, do not exceed 15% of a Plaintiff Subdivision’s total gross recovery under this Sun Settlement Agreement; and (2) the Plaintiff Subdivision certifies that any payments made under a State Back-Stop agreement will be made in accordance with the 95% Opioid Abatement use requirements under Section VI(B)(1) of the Sun Settlement Agreement. Before seeking fees or litigation costs and expenses from a State Back-Stop Agreement, private counsel representing Plaintiff Subdivisions must first seek contingency fees and costs from the Attorney Fee Fund or Cost Funds created under the Sun Settlement Agreement. Further, private counsel may only seek reimbursement for litigation fees and costs that have not previously been reimbursed through prior settlements or judgments.

To effectuate a State Back-Stop Agreement pursuant to this section, an agreement in the form of Appendix 2 may be entered into by a Plaintiff Subdivision, private counsel, and the California Office of the Attorney General. The California Office of the Attorney General shall, upon the request of a Plaintiff Subdivision, execute any agreement executed by a Plaintiff Subdivision and its private counsel if it is in the form of Appendix 2. The California Office of the Attorney General will also consider requests from Plaintiff Subdivisions to execute and enter into agreements presented in other forms.

For the avoidance of doubt, this agreement does not require a Plaintiff Subdivision to request or enter into a State Back-Stop Agreement, and no State Back-Stop Agreement shall impose any duty or obligation on the State of California or any of its agencies or officers, including without limitation the Attorney General.

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## **5. State and Subdivision Reporting**

- a) DHCS will prepare an annual written report regarding the State's use of funds from the settlement until those funds are fully expended and for one year thereafter. These reports will be made publicly available on the DHCS web site.
- b) Each CA Participating Subdivision that receives payments of funds from the settlement will prepare written reports at least annually regarding the use of those funds, until those funds are fully expended and for one year thereafter. These reports will also include a certification that all funds that the CA Participating Subdivision has received through the settlement have been used in compliance with the Sun Settlement Agreement and this CA Sun Allocation Agreement. The report will be in a form reasonably determined by DHCS. Prior to specifying the form of the report DHCS will confer with representatives of the Plaintiff Subdivisions.
- c) The State and all CA Participating Subdivisions receiving CA Abatement Accounts Funds will track all deposits and expenditures. Each such subdivision is responsible solely for the CA Abatement Accounts Funds it receives. A county is not responsible for oversight, reporting, or monitoring of CA Abatement Accounts Funds received by a city within that county that receives direct payment. Unless otherwise exempt, Subdivisions' expenditures and uses of CA Abatement Accounts Funds and other Settlement Funds will be subject to the normal budgetary and expenditure process of the Subdivision.
- d) Each Plaintiff Subdivision receiving CA Subdivision Funds will track all deposits and expenditures, as required by the Sun Settlement Agreement and this CA Sun Allocation Agreement. Among other things, Plaintiff Subdivisions using monies from the CA Subdivision Fund for purposes that do not qualify as Opioid Remediation must identify and include in their annual report, the amount and how such funds were used, including if used to pay attorneys' fees, investigation costs, or litigation costs. Pursuant to Section VI(B)(2) of the Sun Settlement Agreement, such information must also be reported to the Settlement Fund Administrator and Sun.
- e) In each year in which DHCS prepares an annual report DHCS will also host a meeting to discuss the annual report and the Opioid Remediation activities being carried out by the State and Participating Subdivisions.

## **6. Miscellaneous**

- a) The State or any CA Participating Subdivision may bring a motion or action in the court where the State has filed its Consent Judgment to enforce the requirements of this CA Sun Allocation Agreement. Before filing such a motion or action the State will meet and confer with any CA Participating Subdivision that is the subject of the anticipated motion or action, and vice versa.
- b) Except as provided in the Sun Settlement Agreement, this CA Sun Allocation Agreement is not enforceable by any party other than the State and the CA Participating



Subdivisions. It does not confer any rights or remedies upon, and shall not be enforceable by, any third party.

- c) Except as provided in the CA Sun Allocation Agreement, if any provision of this agreement or the application thereof to any person, entity, or circumstance shall, to any extent, be invalid or unenforceable, the remainder of this agreement, or the application of such provision to persons, entities, or circumstances other than those as to which it is invalid or unenforceable, will not be affected thereby, and each other provision of this agreement will be valid and enforceable to the fullest extent permitted by law.
- d) Except as provided in the Sun Settlement Agreement, this agreement shall be governed by and interpreted in accordance with the laws of California.



The undersigned, Lompoc city, CA, ACKNOWLEDGES acceptance of this Proposed California State-Subdivision Agreement Regarding Distribution and Use of Settlement Funds –Sun Settlement is a requirement to be an Initial Participating Subdivision in the Sun Settlement and ACCEPTS this Proposed California State-Subdivision Agreement Regarding Distribution and Use of Settlement Funds –Sun Settlement.

Signature: \_\_\_\_\_

Name: \_\_\_\_\_

Title: \_\_\_\_\_

Date: \_\_\_\_\_



**Proposed California State-Subdivision Agreement  
Regarding Distribution and Use of  
Settlement Funds – Zydus Settlement**

**1. Introduction**

Pursuant to the Zydus Settlement Agreement, dated as of April 4, 2025, and any revision thereto (the “Zydus Settlement Agreement”), including Section VI and Exhibit O, the State of California proposes this agreement (the “CA Zydus Allocation Agreement”) to govern the allocation, distribution, and use of Settlement Fund payments made to California pursuant to Sections V and VI of the Zydus Settlement Agreement. For the avoidance of doubt, this agreement does not apply to payments made pursuant to Section X of the Zydus Settlement Agreement.

Pursuant to Exhibit O, Paragraph 4, of the Zydus Settlement Agreement, acceptance of this CA Zydus Allocation Agreement is a requirement to be an Initial Participating Subdivision.

**2. Definitions**

- a) *CA Participating Subdivision* means a Participating Subdivision that is also (a) a Plaintiff Subdivision and/or (b) a Primary Subdivision with a population equal to or greater than 10,000. For the avoidance of doubt, eligible CA Participating Subdivisions are those California subdivisions listed in Exhibit C (excluding Litigating Special Districts) and/or Exhibit I to the Zydus Settlement Agreement.
- b) *CA Litigating Special District* means a Litigating Special District located in California.
- c) *Plaintiff Subdivision* means a Subdivision located in California, other than a CA Litigating Special District, that filed a lawsuit, on behalf of the Subdivision and/or through an official of the Subdivision on behalf of the People of the State of California, against one or more Opioid Defendants prior to October 1, 2020.
- d) *Opioid Defendant* means any defendant including but not limited to Alvogen, Inc. Amneal Pharmaceuticals LLC; Apotex Corp., Hikma Pharmaceuticals USA Inc. f/k/a West-Ward Pharmaceuticals Corp.; Indivior Inc.; Viatris Inc. (“Mylan”); Sun Pharmaceutical Industries, Inc.; Zydus Pharmaceuticals (USA) Inc.; Kroger Co., Teva Pharmaceutical Industries Ltd., Allergan Finance, LLC, Allergan Limited, CVS Health Corporation, CVS Pharmacy, Inc., Walgreen Co., Walmart Inc., Johnson & Johnson, Janssen Pharmaceuticals, Inc., Purdue Pharma L.P., Cardinal Health, Inc., Cencora, Inc. f/k/a AmerisourceBergen Corporation, McKesson Corporation, Dr. Richard S. Sackler, Beverly Sackler, Jonathan Sackler, David Sackler, Marianna Sackler, Theresa Sackler, Ilene Sackler Lefcourt, Dr. Kathe Sackler, and Mortimer D.A. Sackler) named in a lawsuit seeking damages, abatement, or other remedies related to or caused by the opioid public health crisis in any lawsuit brought by any state or local government on or before October 1, 2020.



### **3. General Terms**

This agreement is subject to the requirements of the Zydus Settlement Agreement, as well as applicable law, and the Zydus Settlement Agreement governs over any inconsistent provision of this CA Zydus Allocation Agreement. Terms used in this CA Zydus Allocation Agreement have the same meaning as in the Zydus Settlement Agreement unless otherwise defined herein.

Pursuant to Section VI(D)(1) of the Zydus Settlement Agreement, (a) all Settlement Fund payments will be used for Opioid Remediation, except as allowed by Section VI(B)(2) of the Zydus Settlement Agreement; and (b) at least seventy percent (70%) of Settlement Fund payment amounts will be used solely for future Opioid Remediation.

This Agreement does not apply to funds received by California<sup>1</sup> pursuant to Section X of the Zydus Settlement Agreement, including payments for Private Attorney Fees and the Additional Remediation Amount.

### **4. State Allocation**

The Settlement Fund payments to California, pursuant to the Zydus Settlement Agreement, shall be allocated as follows: 15% to the State Fund; 70% to the Abatement Accounts Fund; and 15% to the Subdivision Fund. For the avoidance of doubt, all funds allocated to California from the Settlement Fund shall be combined pursuant to this CA Zydus Allocation Agreement, and 15% of that total shall be allocated to the State of California (the “State of California Allocation”), 70% to the California Abatement Accounts Fund (“CA Abatement Accounts Fund”), and 15% to the California Subdivision Fund (“CA Subdivision Fund”).

#### **A. State of California Allocation**

Fifteen percent of the total Settlement Fund payments will be allocated to the State and used by the State for future Opioid Remediation.

#### **B. CA Abatement Accounts Fund**

##### **i. Allocation of CA Abatement Accounts Funds**

- a) Seventy percent of the total Settlement Fund payments will be allocated to the CA Abatement Accounts Fund. The funds in the CA Abatement Accounts Fund will be allocated based on the allocation model developed in connection with the proposed negotiating class in the National Prescription Opiate Litigation (MDL No. 2804), as adjusted to reflect only those cities and counties that are eligible, based on population or litigation status, to become a CA Participating Subdivision. The percentage from the CA Abatement Accounts Fund allocated to each CA Participating Subdivision is set forth in

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<sup>1</sup> For purposes of clarity, use of the term “California” refers to the geographic territory of California and the state and its local governments therein. The term “State” or “State of California” refers to the State of California as a governmental unit.



Appendix 1 in the column entitled abatement percentage (the “Local Allocation”). For the avoidance of doubt, CA Litigating Special Districts and California towns, cities, and counties with a population less than 10,000 are not eligible to receive an allocation of CA Abatement Accounts Funds.

- b) A CA Participating Subdivision that is a county, or a city and county, will be allocated its Local Allocation share as of the date on which it becomes a Participating Subdivision, and will receive payments as provided in the Zydus Settlement Agreement.
- c) A CA Participating Subdivision that is a city will be allocated its Local Allocation share as of the date on which it becomes a Participating Subdivision. The Local Allocation share for a city that is a CA Participating Subdivision will be paid to the county in which the city is located, rather than to the city, so long as the county is a CA Participating Subdivision; provided, however, that if a city currently receives direct payment of its share of funds in the National Opioids Settlement with Distributors Cencora, Inc. (f/k/a AmerisourceBergenCorporation), Cardinal Health, Inc., and McKesson Corporation (the “Distributors Settlement”), that city’s Local Allocation amount will be paid directly to the city. If a city later changes or has already changed its distribution election in the Distributors Settlement, that change in election will apply here, provided that the change in election is received by the settlement administrator at least 60 days prior to a Payment Date. A Local Allocation share allocated to a city but paid to a county is not required to be spent exclusively for abatement activities in that city, but will become part of the county’s share of the CA Abatement Accounts Funds, which will be used in accordance with Section 4.B.ii (Use of CA Abatement Accounts Funds) and reported on in accordance with Section 4.B.iii (CA Abatement Accounts Fund Oversight).
- d) A city within a county that is a CA Participating Subdivision may opt in or out of direct payment at any time, and it may also elect direct payment of only a portion of its share, with the remainder going to the county, by providing notice to the Settlement Fund Administrator at least 60 days prior to a Payment Date. For purposes of this CA Zydus Allocation Agreement, the Cities of Los Angeles, Oakland, San Diego, San Jose and Eureka will be deemed to have elected direct payment if they become Participating Subdivisions.
- e) The State will receive the Local Allocation share of any payment to the Settlement Fund that is attributable to a county or city that is eligible to become a CA Participating Subdivision, but that has not, as of the date of that payment to the Settlement Fund, become a Participating Subdivision.
- f) Funds received by a CA Participating Subdivision, and not expended or encumbered within five years of receipt and in accordance with the Zydus Settlement Agreement and this CA Zydus Allocation Agreement shall be transferred to the State; provided however, that CA Participating Subdivisions have seven years to expend or encumber CA Abatement Accounts Funds designated to support capital outlay projects before they must be transferred to the State.



**ii. Use of CA Abatement Accounts Funds**

- a) The CA Abatement Accounts Funds will be used for future Opioid Remediation in one or more of the areas described in the List of Opioid Remediation Uses, which is Exhibit E to the Zydus Settlement Agreement.
- b) In addition to this requirement, no less than 50% of the funds received by a CA Participating Subdivision from the Abatement Accounts Fund in each calendar year will be used for one or more of the following High Impact Abatement Activities:
  - (1) the provision of matching funds or operating costs for substance use disorder facilities within the Behavioral Health Continuum Infrastructure Program;
  - (2) creating new or expanded Substance Use Disorder (“SUD”) treatment infrastructure;
  - (3) addressing the needs of communities of color and vulnerable populations (including sheltered and unsheltered homeless populations) that are disproportionately impacted by SUD;
  - (4) diversion of people with SUD from the justice system into treatment, including by providing training and resources to first and early responders (sworn and non-sworn) and implementing best practices for outreach, diversion and deflection, employability, restorative justice, and harm reduction;
  - (5) interventions to prevent drug addiction in vulnerable youth, including but not limited to, youth in foster care, juvenile justice-impacted youth, youth experiencing adversities related to socioeconomic status, and unhoused youth; and/or
  - (6) the purchase of naloxone for distribution and efforts to expand access to naloxone for opioid overdose reversals.
- c) The California Department of Health Care Services (“DHCS”) may add to this list (but not delete from it) by designating additional High Impact Abatement Activities. DHCS will make reasonable efforts to consult with stakeholders, including the CA Participating Subdivisions, before adding additional High Impact Abatement Activities to this list.
- d) For the avoidance of doubt, and subject to the requirements of the Zydus Settlement Agreement and applicable law, CA Participating Subdivisions may form agreements or ventures, or otherwise work in collaboration with, federal, state, local, tribal or private sector entities in pursuing Opioid Remediation activities funded from the CA Abatement Accounts Fund. Further, provided that all CA Abatement Accounts Funds are used for Opioid Remediation consistent with the Zydus Settlement Agreement and this CA Zydus Allocation Agreement, a county and any cities or towns within the county may agree to reallocate their respective shares of the CA Abatement Accounts Funds among themselves, provided that any direct distribution may only be to a CA Participating



Subdivision and any CA Participating Subdivision must agree to their share being reallocated.

**iii. CA Abatement Accounts Fund Oversight**

- a) Pursuant to Section 5 below, CA Participating Subdivisions receiving settlement funds must prepare and file reports annually regarding the use of those funds. DHCS may regularly review the reports prepared by CA Participating Subdivisions about the use of CA Abatement Accounts Funds for compliance with the Zydus Settlement Agreement and this CA Zydus Allocation Agreement.
- b) If DHCS determines that a CA Participating Subdivision's use of CA Abatement Accounts Funds is inconsistent with the Zydus Settlement Agreement or this CA Zydus Allocation Agreement, whether through review of reports or information from any other sources, DHCS shall send a request to meet and confer with the CA Participating Subdivision. The parties shall meet and confer in an effort to resolve the concern.
- c) If the parties are unable to reach a resolution, DHCS may conduct an audit of the Subdivision's use of the CA Abatement Accounts Funds within one year of the request to meet and confer, unless the parties mutually agree in writing to extend the meet and confer time frame.
- d) If the concern still cannot be resolved, the State may bring a motion or action in the court where the State has filed its Consent Judgment to resolve the concern or otherwise enforce the requirements of the Zydus Settlement Agreement or this CA Zydus Allocation Agreement. However, in no case shall any audit be conducted, or motion be brought, as to a specific expenditure of funds, more than five years after the date on which the expenditure of the funds was reported to DHCS, in accordance with this agreement.
- e) Notwithstanding the foregoing, this Agreement does not limit the statutory or constitutional authority of any state or local agency or official to conduct audits, investigations, or other oversight activities, or to pursue administrative, civil, or criminal enforcement actions.

**C. CA Subdivision Fund**

- i. Fifteen percent of the total Settlement Fund payments will be allocated to the CA Subdivision Fund. All funds in the CA Subdivision Fund will be allocated among the Plaintiff Subdivisions that are Initial Participating Subdivisions. The funds will be used, subject to any limits imposed by the Zydus Settlement Agreement and this CA Zydus Allocation Agreement, to fund future Opioid Remediation and reimburse past opioid-related expenses, which may include fees and expenses related to litigation.



However, in no event shall more than one third (5% out of the 15%) of CA Subdivision Funds be used for litigation-related fees and expenses.

**D. Provision for State Back-Stop Agreement**

On August 6, 2021, Judge Dan Polster of the U.S. District Court, Northern District of Ohio, Eastern Division, issued an order (ECF Docket Number 3814) (“MDL Fees Order”) in the National Prescription Opiate Litigation (MDL No. 2804) “cap[ping] all applicable contingent fee agreements at 15%.” Private counsel representing Plaintiff Subdivisions should seek its contingency fees and costs from the Attorney Fee Fund or Cost Funds under the settlement agreements with other Opioid Defendants.

A Plaintiff Subdivision may separately agree to use up to one-third (5% out of the 15%) of its share of the CA Subdivision Fund to pay for fees or costs incurred by its contingency-fee counsel (“State Back-Stop Agreement”), pursuant to Exhibit R, section I(X), of the Zydus Settlement Agreement and the MDL Fees Order, provided that: (1) such payments, together with any payments to contingency-fee counsel from the Private Attorneys Fee amount related to such Plaintiff Subdivision, do not exceed 15% of a Plaintiff Subdivision’s total gross recovery under this Zydus Settlement Agreement; and (2) the Plaintiff Subdivision certifies that any payments made under a State Back-Stop agreement will be made in accordance with the 95% Opioid Abatement use requirements under Section VI(B)(1) of the Zydus Settlement Agreement. Before seeking fees or litigation costs and expenses from a State Back-Stop Agreement, private counsel representing Plaintiff Subdivisions must first seek contingency fees and costs from the Attorney Fee Fund or Cost Funds created under the Zydus Settlement Agreement. Further, private counsel may only seek reimbursement for litigation fees and costs that have not previously been reimbursed through prior settlements or judgments.

To effectuate a State Back-Stop Agreement pursuant to this section, an agreement in the form of Appendix 2 may be entered into by a Plaintiff Subdivision, private counsel, and the California Office of the Attorney General. The California Office of the Attorney General shall, upon the request of a Plaintiff Subdivision, execute any agreement executed by a Plaintiff Subdivision and its private counsel if it is in the form of Appendix 2. The California Office of the Attorney General will also consider requests from Plaintiff Subdivisions to execute and enter into agreements presented in other forms.

For the avoidance of doubt, this agreement does not require a Plaintiff Subdivision to request or enter into a State Back-Stop Agreement, and no State Back-Stop Agreement shall impose any duty or obligation on the State of California or any of its agencies or officers, including without limitation the Attorney General.

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## **5. State and Subdivision Reporting**

- a) DHCS will prepare an annual written report regarding the State's use of funds from the settlement until those funds are fully expended and for one year thereafter. These reports will be made publicly available on the DHCS web site.
- b) Each CA Participating Subdivision that receives payments of funds from the settlement will prepare written reports at least annually regarding the use of those funds, until those funds are fully expended and for one year thereafter. These reports will also include a certification that all funds that the CA Participating Subdivision has received through the settlement have been used in compliance with the Zydus Settlement Agreement and this CA Zydus Allocation Agreement. The report will be in a form reasonably determined by DHCS. Prior to specifying the form of the report DHCS will confer with representatives of the Plaintiff Subdivisions.
- c) The State and all CA Participating Subdivisions receiving CA Abatement Accounts Funds will track all deposits and expenditures. Each such subdivision is responsible solely for the CA Abatement Accounts Funds it receives. A county is not responsible for oversight, reporting, or monitoring of CA Abatement Accounts Funds received by a city within that county that receives direct payment. Unless otherwise exempt, Subdivisions' expenditures and uses of CA Abatement Accounts Funds and other Settlement Funds will be subject to the normal budgetary and expenditure process of the Subdivision.
- d) Each Plaintiff Subdivision receiving CA Subdivision Funds will track all deposits and expenditures, as required by the Zydus Settlement Agreement and this CA Zydus Allocation Agreement. Among other things, Plaintiff Subdivisions using monies from the CA Subdivision Fund for purposes that do not qualify as Opioid Remediation must identify and include in their annual report, the amount and how such funds were used, including if used to pay attorneys' fees, investigation costs, or litigation costs. Pursuant to Section VI(B)(2) of the Zydus Settlement Agreement, such information must also be reported to the Settlement Fund Administrator and Zydus.
- e) In each year in which DHCS prepares an annual report DHCS will also host a meeting to discuss the annual report and the Opioid Remediation activities being carried out by the State and Participating Subdivisions.

## **6. Miscellaneous**

- a) The State or any CA Participating Subdivision may bring a motion or action in the court where the State has filed its Consent Judgment to enforce the requirements of this CA Zydus Allocation Agreement. Before filing such a motion or action the State will meet and confer with any CA Participating Subdivision that is the subject of the anticipated motion or action, and vice versa.
- b) Except as provided in the Zydus Settlement Agreement, this CA Zydus Allocation Agreement is not enforceable by any party other than the State and the CA Participating



Subdivisions. It does not confer any rights or remedies upon, and shall not be enforceable by, any third party.

- c) Except as provided in the CA Zydus Allocation Agreement, if any provision of this agreement or the application thereof to any person, entity, or circumstance shall, to any extent, be invalid or unenforceable, the remainder of this agreement, or the application of such provision to persons, entities, or circumstances other than those as to which it is invalid or unenforceable, will not be affected thereby, and each other provision of this agreement will be valid and enforceable to the fullest extent permitted by law.
- d) Except as provided in the Zydus Settlement Agreement, this agreement shall be governed by and interpreted in accordance with the laws of California.



The undersigned, Lompoc city, CA, ACKNOWLEDGES acceptance of this Proposed California State-Subdivision Agreement Regarding Distribution and Use of Settlement Funds –Zydus Settlement is a requirement to be an Initial Participating Subdivision in the Zydus Settlement and ACCEPTS this Proposed California State-Subdivision Agreement Regarding Distribution and Use of Settlement Funds – Zydus Settlement.

Signature: \_\_\_\_\_

Name: \_\_\_\_\_

Title: \_\_\_\_\_

Date: \_\_\_\_\_

